PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE, ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS GUIDE,
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c., with a
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE
Bombay Gazette

No. 54,875—NEW SERIES] BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1909. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

NESTLÉ'S
CONDENSED
MILK.
RICHEST IN CREAM
"UNTOUCHED BY HAND."

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
13th Nov.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	..
20th "	MALWA	10883	.....	...
27th "	SALSETTE	16000	MACEDONIA	10,512
4th Dec.	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
18th "	EGYPT	7918	.....	...
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	1905
1910 1st Jany.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
15th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10810
29th "	DELHI	8000	.....	...
5th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTEN	9021
12th "	INDIA	7911	.....	...
19th "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
26th "	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	...
5th March.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7512
12th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
* 26th "	ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
2nd April.	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
2nd "	MACEDONIA	10813	.....	...
9th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
7th May.	CALEDONIA	7538	.....	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at the place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 713 or Rs. 891
To London by sea	Rs. 528„ Rs. 627	Rs. 792 „ Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued at favorable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE	Booked by all Lines Continental Railway Tickets procured.
PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA	Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
BERTHS	Carefully selected.
HANDBOOK	With full particulars, sent gratis on application.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES	Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

Steamers	Tons.	Captain.	Date.
CASTALIA	8388	J. Hamilton	10th Nov. 1909.
ELYSIA	8168	A. Haig	27th Nov. 1909.
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	8th Dec. 1909.
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	21st Dec. 1909.
CHROMIA	6716	C. P. Osborne, R.N.R.	7th Jan. 1910.
SONDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	19th Jan. 1910.
CASTALIA	8388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. 1910.

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamers	Tonnage	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
ELYSIA	8168	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1910.
MASSILIA	509	J. Thomson	15th March „
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	29th „ „
CHROMIA	6716	C.P. Osborne, R.N.R.	12th April „
SONDIA	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd „ „
CASTALIA	8388	J. Hamilton	8th May „
ELYSIA	8168	A. Haig	22nd „ „

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Aden	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

The Advertised Rates to Portsaid include a Free Pass between Portsaid and Cairo.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPS.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
KOLA	1,205	Thur. 11th Nov.	9 a.m.	C. Mandvi
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 12th Nov.	6 a. m.	Direct †
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 15th Nov.	11 a. m.	P.D. & C.M.*

† Or later on arrival of Mogilab mail steamer.
* Porebunder, Dwarka and C. Mandvie.

FOR C. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KOLA," 1,205 tons, on Thursday, 11th Nov. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "MADURA," 1,955 tons, on Monday, 15th Nov. calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Ormal, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A STEAMER sailing on or about the 29th Nov.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

9th November, 1909.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnes	25th Nov. 1909
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	23rd Dec. „
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	20th Jan. 1910
CALEDONIEN	4,120	X	17th Feb. „
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	17th Mar. „
ARMAND BEHIC	6,335	Guionnet	14th Apr. „
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	12th May „

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
CALEDONIEN	4,120	J. X	23rd Dec. 1909.
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	21st Jan. 1910.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road, Agent.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains	To sail on
Doc. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maranzini	15th Nov. 1909.
R. RUBATTINO	4,080	L. Marchi	13th Dec. 1909.
Doc. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maganini	15th Jany. 1910.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 600	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 900*	Rs. 575	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 500 Single and Rs. 750 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 828; 2nd Class, Rs. 559. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

REDUCED FARES TO NAPLES, GENOA, VENICE, FROM FEBRUARY, 1910.

The abovementioned fares by steamer D. Balduino and R. Rubattino, will be reduced as follows from February next:—

	Single.	Return.
1st Class, Outside Cabins	Rs. 500	Rs. 750
1st Class, Inside Cabin	Rs. 400	Rs. 600
2nd Class	Rs. 350	Rs. 525

Electric fans and light in every cabin free of charge. The usual comfort will be afforded to passengers.

The fares to New York will be:—1st Class, Rs. 703: and 2nd Class, Rs. 524.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Nov. 1909.
CAPRI	6,000	F. Dini	17th Dec. 1909.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Jany 1910

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75. to PENANG Rs. 140. to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

D. OLIVA,
Ag. Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

COUTTS & CO.,
BOMBAY.

ENGAGE PASSAGES BY ALL LINES FREE OF CHARGE,

To EUROPE, AMERICA, AUSTRALIA, AFRICA, CHINA, JAPAN.

SLEEPING CAR & CONTINENTAL TICKETS PROCURED.

PASSAGES	booked well in advance to secure best and desirable berths.
PASSENGERS'	personal requirements looked after.
PASSENGERS	met on arrival and assisted.
PASSENGERS'	Baggage taken over, cleared or shipped.
PASSAGES	by cheap outside vessels advised when offering to registered addresses.

In view of the approaching Passenger season intending Passengers are strongly advised to register their application for Passages with us well in advance to save disappointments, as berths cannot be guaranteed later.

Any information as regards passages, shipping, clearing and forwarding given on application.

COUTTS & CO.,
SHIPPING AND PASSENGER AGENTS,
Post Box 249,
HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY

SHIPPING.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	N.R.	Month.	Port.
"Harleeden"	2724	November	Philadelphia
"Haigh Hall"	3069	November	Philadelphia

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£	1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£	800,000
RESERVE FUND	£	750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar.
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy,	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£	1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£	1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£	562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£	562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£	250,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHES, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch, HOWRAH (Calcutta), MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 27,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.
BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa
CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	„ 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	„ 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:
SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)
SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
RATANJEE JAMSETJEE TATA, Esq.
GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq., (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.
The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertake on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

COVETABLE JEWELRY.

We are showing an extremely dainty and artistic collection of well made ornaments suitable for every-day wear, most of which are productions intended for those who have not the taste for tawdry jewelry, but who prefer that sturdiness in manufacture which is so characteristic in all goods of British-make, and as our stock comprises the

SEASON'S LATEST NOVELTIES

it carries a freshness and brightness which cannot but meet the prevailing taste for all that is new and up-to-date, coupling this with the fact that all designs are absolutely original and exclusive, and our stock being also the largest in Western India, both in variety and value, our jewelry saloon, therefore, becomes a veritable Indian

HOUSE OF TREASURE.

The display this season is more than extensive. Never in the history of the firm has anything been offered in the way of jewelry at such moderate prices. It does not come to the happy lot of all to be able to write cheques for thousands of rupees, but the skilled art of the jeweller's craft has more than demonstrated the beauties that lie in the use of coloured gems of lesser value than the

DIAMOND, EMERALD, RUBY AND PEARL

as is manifest not only in the diversity in value but by remarkable diversity in the direction of designs and character exhibited in our stock.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS AND OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BILLIARDS

THE NEW PATENT Automatic BALL RETURNER NOW IN STOCK.

We hold the LARGEST STOCK of BILLIARD TABLES and Accessories, OUT OF LONDON.

Billiard Balls and Cues, our Specialities.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LD.
BOMBAY.
BILLIARD TABLES AND BILLIARD ACCESSORIES.

We Supply our No. 1 Design Billiard Table in solid Mahogany, fitted with all the latest improvements, including all accessories and fittings for the Billiard Game only.

Packed Free.

Delivered on Rails for Rs. 1,317.

Price List and Estimates for all designs of Billiard Tables and Accessories Free.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD.
BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS.
75, Hornby Road.
BOMBAY.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

Have just Received a Consignment of the Famous

SAN PELLEGRINO NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

San Pellegrino Water is an organically pure table water, pleasantly fresh to the palate.

It is most efficacious in the cure of uric acid, gout, gravel and catarrh of the digestive tracts.

50,00,000 bottles were exported in 1908.

Now obtainable at

MONGINI BROTHERS.

Case of 50 large bottles	Rs. 31-12
1 Dozen bottles	Rs. 8-8

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

MILLARS' WESTRALIAN JARRAH WOOD

for Sleepers, Beams, Wharves, Bridges, Railway Carriages and Wagons, Mining and General Engineering purposes, Buildings.

Full particulars and prices on application to

MILLARS' KARRI AND JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.
Telegraphic Address:—"Jarrah Bombay." Telephone No, 838
Depots at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras Kolar and Karachi.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.

MANUFACTURERS OF - - -
Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -
furnished on Application.

Hydraulic Rivetting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.

ERECTION OF - - - - - - - -
manufactured Work Imported or otherwise, Contracted for in any part of India.

We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to enable us to meet all requirements.

SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - - -
Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 16,000 Square Yards,
Bellasis Road, Byculla, BOMBAY.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!
WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND
ANTIMALARIC RANA.
INCOMPARABLE SPECIFIC AGAINST MALARIAL FEVERS.
AS A SURE GUARANTEED CURE.
PREPARED
By the Chemist FRANCESCO RANA of BARI (ITALY).

The only preparation of the kind taken in consideration of the recent International Exhibition of Milan, and awarded with a Silver Medal.
Adopted also by the Ministry for foreign affairs for the use of the medical ambulatories attached to the Royal Italian Schools in foreign countries.
It combats rapidly and radically malarial fevers of every kind and in every stage, whether acute, chronic or convalescent and is a first rate preservative for persons who are obliged to live in unhealthy districts.
By its being continually used, even after cure, it becomes an excellent reconstituent of the strength, of indisputable efficacy and exempt from any inconvenience.
It is agreeable to the taste, easy of assimilation, and perfectly tolerated.
Taken as a preservative by persons living in unhealthy places and as a strengthner, one tablespoonful is sufficient for adults, half for children, and one teaspoonful for little children.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA:
C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

STANDARD
PHOTOGRAPHIC, DRAWING AND ARTISTS' MATERIALS
OF
ALL KINDS
Are supplied at very moderate rates
BY THE
PHOTO STORES CO., LTD.
(CHEAPEST HOUSE IN INDIA.)
SOLE AGENTS:—
OF "JONGLA PLATES AND PAPERS."
FOR INDIA, BURMAH AND CEYLON.
ADDRESS:—
KALBADEVI ROAD, near Jambulvadi, BOMBAY.
Telegraphic Address: "PISOKO."

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LD.

Importers of:—

KEROSINE OIL.
PETROL.
LIQUID FUEL.
PARAFIN WAX, &c.

"SILVERLIGHT" CASE OIL 150° — FOR BUNGALOW USE.
"RISING-SUN" KEROSINE — FOR ALL ILLUMINATING PURPOSES.
"SHIP" BRAND KEROSINE — FOR LIGHTING SHOPS.
"COBRA AND SWAN." KEROSINE — FOR OIL ENGINES.
"SHELL" BRAND PETROL — HIGHEST WORKING RESULTS.
LIQUID FUEL — FOR DIESEL OIL ENGINES.
"PESTERINE" — FOR PLAGUE PREVENTION

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazaar Street. BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

ENQUIRIES regarding ACCOMMODATION at VICTORIA TERMINUS STATION, on the occasion of the ARRIVAL of THEIR EXCELLENCIES the VICEROY and the COUNTESS of MINTO, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th November, 1909, should be made in writing to the Undersigned.

Full address must be given when a reply or a Card is required.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst., C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.

BOMBAY, 1st NOVEMBER, 1909.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will BE CLOSED on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 11th and 12th instant, those days being Public Holidays under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 4th November, 1909.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII. by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

PETITION for Probate of the last Will and Testament of MORARJI RAVJI, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, a Wool-Broker, a widower, deceased.

1. SALEY MAHOMED DHARAMSEY, of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan, Merchant, residing at Khuduck, without the Fort of Bombay.
2. THAKAR DHARAMSEY BHAWANJI, of Bombay, Hindu, Wool-Merchant, residing at Khuduck, without the Fort of Bombay.
3. JIVANDAS BHANJI, of Bombay, Hindu, Wool Merchant, residing at Holy Chukla, within the Fort of Bombay.
4. MANECKBAI, widow of JETHABHAIJERAM, also of Bombay, Hindu, residing at Holi Chukla, within the Fort, four of the Executors named in the said Will of the said deceased .....Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS, claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, SIR BASIL SCOTT, KNIGHT, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this first day of November, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nine and in the Ninth year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

F. B. MALABARI,
The 1st day of November, 1909.
Messrs. MATUBHAI, JAMIETRAM and MADAN,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (B.P.), on MONDAY, the 22nd day of November, 1909, for works in a STORM WATER DRAIN, in Elphinstone Road.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, &c., may be obtained free of charge from the Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage, who will on application 'give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 5 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

5. Deductions at the rate of 5 per cent. to make the total deposit not exceeding 10 per cent. of the Contract amount, less the cost of articles to be supplied by the Commissioner under the Contract, will be made from the Bills of the Contractor whose Tender may be accepted.

6. The Contract rates for a similar work in a Storm Water Drain in Khetwady Back Road have been put up on the General Notice Board of the Municipal Office for the information of the Tenderers.

7. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

JOSEPH HALL, M. INST. C.E., M.I. M.E., &c.,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.

Executive Engineer's Office,
BOMBAY, 6TH NOVEMBER, 1909.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of OILS, WASTE and TALLOW, on the Broad and Metre Gauge Sections of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, separately, during the 12 months ending 31st December, 1910.

2. Forms of Tenders which also contain the specifications and conditions on which Tenders will be considered and the Contract let) can be had on payment of Rupee 1 each from the Superintendent of Stores, Perambur, who will also furnish any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders should be submitted in sealed covers to reach the Agent, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, Ravanaram, Madras, by 4-30 p.m., on THURSDAY, the 25th November, 1909. Covers should be marked on the outside "Tenders for the Supply of Oils, Waste and Tallow, on the Broad Gauge or Metre Gauge Section," as the case may be.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of MISCELLANEOUS STORES, on the Broad and Metre Gauge Sections of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, separately, during the 12 months ending 31st December, 1910.

2. Forms of Tenders (which also contain the specifications and conditions on which tenders will be considered and the contracts let) can be had on payment of Rupee 1 each, from the Superintendent of Stores, Perambur, who will also furnish any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders should be submitted in sealed covers to reach the Agent, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, Ravanaram, Madras, by 4-30 p.m., on MONDAY, the 29th November, 1909. Covers should be marked on the outside "Tender for the Supply of Miscellaneous Stores, on the Broad Gauge or Metre Gauge Section," as the case may be.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office, at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.), on WEDNESDAY, the 24th November, 1909, for the supply of the articles noted below during the twelve months commencing from 1st January, 1910 :—

B. Miscellaneous Country Stores.
C. Miscellaneous English Stores.
D. Stationery and paper.

2. Separate Tender forms of each of the above, giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of stores required, and the conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form. No refund will be made on account of unused Tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender, and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tenders should be superscribed with headings as above and a deposit of 10 per cent. of the value of stores, etc., tendered for with a maximum of Rs. 1,000 should accompany each tender, without which no tender will be considered. Only cash or currency notes (on which no interest will be allowed), or Government promissory notes will be received as deposits, and, if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples, which may be seen at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 27th October, 1909.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

THE Public desirous of seeing the DIWALI ILLUMINATIONS, are informed that the following is the ROUTE PRESCRIBED for CARRIAGES :—

I. Starting from the Town Hall—

(a) Bazaar Gate Street, South of Municipal Garden, Hornby Road, across Carnac Road into Shaik Memon Street, to Mumbadevi Corner, thence Kalbadevi Road, as far as Robert Money School, back up Kalbadevi Road, Bhendi Bazaar, and so to J. J. Hospital direct ; or

(b) Same route as above as far as Hornby Road, thence via Cruikshank Road up Kalbadevi Road, Bhendi Bazaar, to J. J. Hospital.

II. Starting from J. J. Hospital the same routes as above in reverse order.

In the event of a congestion in Shaik Memon Street (Marwadi Bazaar) carriages going towards the Fort will be diverted into Balaji Shamabet Street through Abdul Rehman Street and so on to Hornby Road.

Carriages will not be allowed to turn round on the route laid down in order to go in the reverse direction except at the following points, viz.,—

Money School, Pydhowni, Crawford Market and Victoria Station.

Carriages can, however, leave the routes altogether by turning into any of the side streets on the left hand side of the routes laid down.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commissioner's Office,
Bombay, 6th November, 1909.

POLICE ORDER.

AS the DIVALI FESTIVAL is now approaching the Public are hereby cautioned against letting off or throwing fire works on or near any public street, road or thoroughfare and are informed that any one committing a BREACH of the law in this respect will be taken into custody by the Police and dealt with according to law. The police have been directed to strictly enforce this Order.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 5th November, 1909.

WANTED.

WANTED a qualified survey NIMTANDAR, with thorough knowledge of classifications of lands and assessment work. Pay Rs. 75, rising to Rs. 100 by five annual instalments. Horse allowance Rs. 15. Applications, with testimonials, stating age, caste and details of previous service, should reach the office of the Revenue Commissioner, Bhavnagar State, before 20th November, 1909.

Bhavnagar, 23rd October, 1909.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

FOR SALE.

ORLEANS CAR.

SEATED for five. Side entrance. 12-14-H. P., in perfect running condition, always driven by owner ; Stepney wheel and Hood Frame.

Originally Cost Rs. 7,000. Rs. 3,000 or offer. Apply to Box No. 2579, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.

A NEW "RONEO" COPIER, in thorough working order. Half a dozen copies can be taken at a time. Terms Moderate.

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Motorists all over the world appreciate the most reliable qualities of this famous Motor Lubricant.

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TWO CUTTING MACHINES of well-known makers, Hugh and Kimber, are FOR SALE. Both are in very good condition. The Large one is 34 inches wide, and has 2 extra Knives. The Small one is 21 inches wide, and has with it 1 extra Knife. Both the Machines can be seen in working order, by applying sharp to the GENERAL MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

KING'S LIQUOUR WHISKY,

MILD AND MELLOW,

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THE CATHEDRAL, BOMBAY.

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By DR. WILLIAM CRESER,
MUS. DOC., OXON,

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Vocalist.—MR. EDGAR FAULKNER.

NEW NOVELTY THEATRE.

Under the Patronage of

THEIR EXCELLENCIES THE VICEROY AND LADY MINTO

AND

HIS EXCELLENCY SIR GEORGE SYDENHAM CLARKE, GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

IN AID OF THE DUFFERIN FUND

A deserving charity much in need of funds Will be presented the Three Act Comedy,

"LORD AND LADY ALGY,"

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ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16TH

AND

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 17TH.

Plan of Theatre and Tickets at SOUNDY and Co., Hornby Road.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!

THE EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

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Admission, One Rupee.

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THE DISTINGUISHED AMERICAN LECTURER

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THURSDAY, 11TH NOV., 6-30 P.M.
Subject :—REVERENCE FOR PERSONALITY.

FRIDAY, 12TH NOV., 6-30 p.m.
Subject :—HOW TO MAKE A RATIONAL FIGHT FOR CHARACTER.

LECTURES FREE.

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All above Cars complete with hood, lamps, etc.

WANTED Two Small Run-about Cars.

They will also undertake REPAIRS to any type of Cars, and have fitted up a workshop with the best modern Machinery for that purpose.

Training of men as chauffeurs a speciallity.

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Best china silk suit, from Rs. 20, 22-8 and 25.
Mercerised Tussore " " Rs. 11-8, 12-8 and 15.
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DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
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Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
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Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Re. 1-8,

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Cures in a day. As 4 per pot.

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BRANCHES :
MUMBADEVI,
AHMEDABAD.

CAPITAL Rs. 1,00,00,000

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Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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London		Tokyo

LONDON BANKERS :—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank; Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted,
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager,

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Fcs. 1,50,000,000, (£6,000,000.)

CAPITAL.....£ 6,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 796,815

LONDON BANKERRS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay, Tunis New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Betrong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold Silver, Merchandize to

L. COMBE,
Manager.

COX & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum or Rs. 30 per cash in advance, including delivery.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

SALE ON WEDNESDAY, 10th NOVEMBER.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Wedehouse Road, Lower Colaba, behind the Tramway Stables, the valuable and neat teakwood and blackwood dining, drawing, office and bedroom furniture of the latest design, such as dining table and chairs, sideboard, dumbwaiter, marble and tiled topped tables and teapoys, drawingroom suite of sofas and chairs of 10 pieces, lined velvet, corner and side cabinets, lady's and gent's writing tables, single and double iron bedsteads, single and double mirror-almirahs, zoonda almira (separable into four pieces), cheval glass, clothe and gown press, from framed cottage piano, especially made for Indian climate in good order, years winding clock under glass dome, crockery, glass ware, best plated ware, Chubb's safe on stand with 12 keys, majolica jardiniers and table ornaments, carpets, windproof table and hanging lamps, garden pots, etc., the property of G. W. Adamson, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT KHAMBATTA LANE, KHETWADY.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of November, 1909, at 4-30 p.m. by order of the mortgagee, on account and at the risk of the estates of the late Mr. Pestonji Merwanji Bharucha and his wife, Bai Dinbai, under the power of sale reserved to the mortgagee by an Indenture of mortgage, dated the 8th day of May 1908 and executed by the said Bai Dinbai as executrix of the said Mr. Pestonji Merwanji Bharucha as also in her personal capacity, the following valuable landed property on the premises:

Particulars :—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate at and on the Western side of Khumbatta Lane, in the Sub-Registration Sub-District of Fort, in the Town and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 882 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 13, New No. 13504 and under New Survey No. 5514 and by the Collector of Municipal Assessment formerly under No. 652 and now under Ward No. 2106 and Street No. 14 and bounded on or towards the East by the Khumbatta Lane, on or towards the West by the property of Manekji Sorabji Powalla, on or towards the North by private passage, belonging to Pestonji Merwanji Bharucha and on or towards the South by sweeper's passage and beyond that by the property of Parchbai, wife of Manoherji Sheriarjee Bharucha.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormasji, Dinshaw and Co., Solicitors for the mortgagee at their office, No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of a Valuable Landed property at Islampoora Street, near Goliptha, Khetwady.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY the 13th day of November, 1909, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), by order of Transferees of Mortgage, Rugnath Vagjis and Co., and on account and at the risk of mortgagors, the heirs of the estate of Bai Lalbibi, daughter of Shaikh Hamid Chawran Girasia and widow of Mahomed Hossein bin Mahomed Sayed Rogay, under the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagee in the Indenture of mortgage, dated 28th February, 1880, the following landed property on the premises.

PARTICULARS :—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue for quit and ground rent under Old No. 405,405, New No. 1678, Old Survey No. 582 and New Survey No. 3852 with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse, assessed by the Collector of Assessment, formerly under No. 37 and now under Street No. 18 and ward No. 6670 standing thereon, containing by admeasurement (193 8-9) square yards or thereabouts, situate lying and being on the western side of Islampoora Street, without the Fort of Bombay, formerly in the Sub-district of Mandvie and now in the Sub-district of Bombay and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards east by the said Islampoora Street, on or towards the west and south by the property of Marwadi Rugga Goma and on or towards the North by the property of Abdoolabhoy.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

Auction sale of Valuable Landed property at Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Opposite Mr. Jivraj Baloo's House.

Messrs. Crawford and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Au

SALES BY AUCTION

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 99 APOLLO STREET

BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE OF MOTOR-CARS.

Under instructions from the trustees of the late Mr. Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddick, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises of the Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency, of York Buildings, Morahy Road, Fort, the following valuable Motor-cars, the property of late Mr. Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddick:—

I. One 40 h.p. 4 cylinder Fiat Car, with 5 seated double Phaeton Touring Body, Magneto Ignition, Cape Cart Hood, a pair of Side Lamps, a Tail Lamp, a pair of Acetylene Head Lights, Stepney wheel with tyre and tube, complete set of tools, etc.

II. One 18-24 h.p. 4 cylinder Siddeley Car with 5 seated double Phaeton Body, Battery and Magneto Ignition, Cape, Cart Hood, Folding Glass Screen, Stepney wheel with tyre and tube, a pair of Side Lamps, a Tail Lamp, a pair of Acetylene Head Lights, a Horn, complete set of tools, etc.

III. One 10-12 h.p. 2 cylinder Siddeley Car with 5 seated double Phaeton side entrance body, accumulator Ignition, Cape, Cart Hood, a pair of Side Lamps, a Tail Lamp, a Horn, Stepney wheel with tyre and tube, complete set of tools, etc.

The cars have been thoroughly overhauled and revarnished and such of the tyres as were worn out have been replaced so that the cars are now in thorough working order with all Tyres, Tubes, etc., in sound condition.

The property is on view on the premises of the Bombay Cycle and Motor Agency and will be sold to the highest bidders; but private offers will be considered prior to the date of Auction from intending purchasers who can try the cars by previous appointments.

The cars have been in use for not more than a year and are in every respect in perfect order and condition.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

2 cottage pianos.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in very good order.

1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.

1 grey pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES, at Gowalia Tank Road, opposite the Gowalia Tank, with large Pieces of Vacant Land.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 755 of 1905.

Meherbhai, widow and another.....Plaintiffs.
vs.
Bapuji Dhunjibhoy Banaji and others...Defendants.

Pursuant to the Decretal Order of Reference made in the above suit and bearing date the 8th day of July, 1907, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction, by Messrs. BENNETT & Co., Auctioneers, on the premises, by Order of the Commissioner, High Court, in four lots, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of November 1909, at the hour of 3-30 in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiffs and Defendants in and to Lot No. 1—All that piece of vacant land containing by admeasurement 111 sq. yds. or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. , situate at or near Gowalia Tank, on the north side of Gowalia Tank Road, in the Island of Bombay, and bounded on or towards the east partly by the said Gowalia Tank Road and partly by the property of Messrs. Merwanji and Baramji Maneherji Cama, on or towards the west by the portion of Lot No. 2 hereinafter described, consisting of land reserved for a road, on or towards the north by the property of Messrs. Merwanji and Hormasji Manchenji Cama, and on or towards the south by the said Gowalia Tank Road which piece of land is delineated on the plan filed herein in the office of the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court, on the 8th day of June, 1906, and thereon marked with the figure 1.

Lot No. 2 A.—All that piece of vacant land containing by admeasurement 1324 sq. yds or thereabouts. (B) All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 330 sq. yds. or thereabouts, delineated in red colour on the said plan and which is to be reserved for a road leading from the said Gowalia Tank Road to the properties of Pestonji Kalkhasroo Banaji and the property of Sonabai's Agiary, as shown on the said plan and (C). All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 18 sq. yds. or thereabouts, delineated in green colour on the said plan. All the said three pieces together containing by admeasurement 1667 sq. yds. or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. , together with the tenements or building standing thereon all which premises are situate at or near Gowalia Tank Road, on the North side of Gowalia Tank Road, in the Island of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east partly by Lot No. 1 hereinabove described partly by the property of Pestonji Kalkhasroo Banaji and partly by the property of Nesserwanji J. Sanjana, on or towards the west by Lot No. 3 hereinafter described, on or towards the north partly by the property of Pestonji Kalkhasroo Banaji and partly by the property of Sonabai's Agiary, and on or towards the south by the said Gowalia Tank Road and are delineated on the said plan and thereon marked with the figure 2.

Lot No. 3.—All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 1563 Sq. Yds or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. , together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon, all which premises are situate at or near Gowalia Tank, on the north side of Gowalia Tank Road, in the Island of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east by Lot No. 2 hereinabove described, on or towards the west by Lot No. 4 hereinafter described, on or towards the north by the property of Sonabai's Agiary, and on or towards the south by the said Gowalia Tank Road, and are delineated on the said plan and thereon marked with the figure 3.

Lot No. 4—All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 1689 square yards or thereabouts, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. , together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon all which premises are situate at or near Gowalia Tank, on the north side of Gowalia Tank Road, in the Island of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east by Lot No. 3, hereinabove described, on or towards the west and north by the property of Sonabai's Agiary, and on or towards the south by the said Gowalia Tank Road, and are delineated on the said plan and thereon marked with the figure 4.

All which premises together are called or known as Sonabai's family house and were formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 4, and are now assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward No. 3835, Street No. 10, Ward No. 3389 (2), Street No. 11A, and Ward No. 3390 (1), Street No. 47 51.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormasji, Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 22, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD AND CONDEMNED STORES.

On TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. Bennett and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the G. I. P. Railway Stores Depot, Parel, a quantity of old and condemned stores, such as hoop iron, old empty kerosine tins, broken lamps, old C. I. buckets, large globular gas lamps, old gas pipes, empty drums, paint cans, varnish tins, tin lining, old pieces of tarpaulins, gunny bags, broken lorries, old furniture, empty casks, and packing cases, glass scrap, old Manilla ropes, broken flies, rubber cuttings, hessippas, leather scrap, cloth cuttings, old American buffalo hides, zinc lining, copying presses, broken tin despatch boxes, and office clocks, screw augers, old brass couplings, leather bags, old cycles, old chain, station bells, old woollen and cotton suites, old copper utensils, old enamelled ware, etc.

A list of reading, hanging and hall lamps, etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF THE LAKHMIDAS KHIMJI SPINNING AND WEAVING CO., LD., IN LIQUIDATION.

SALE OF THE MILL PREMISES, ENGINES, BOILERS, MACHINERY AND PLANT.

Under instructions from Mr. E. D. SETHNA, Official Liquidator, provisionally appointed of the above Company as AGENT and on behalf of Messrs. GOVERDHANDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL & EKNATH RUGHONATH KHOTE, the surviving and continuing TRUSTEES of an Indenture, dated the 23rd June, 1904 (executed for the purpose of securing to Holders of the Debentures of the Company therein mentioned the sums of money due to them) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, in pursuance of an ORDER of the High Court, Bombay, dated the 7th October, 1909, and in exercise of the POWERS given to the Trustees by the said Indenture, put up the above MILL premises and property for sale by Public Auction at the office of the Company in Liquidation Oriental Buildings, Hornby Road, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st December, 1909, at 4-30 o'clock p. m. Standard Time.

The property to be sold comprises the following:—

A piece of land of the Foras tenure containing 24,424 square yards or thereabouts situate at Ferguson Road, Parel.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.—*Contd.*

The Mill Building Engine, and Boiler house, with out-buildings erected and standing on the said piece of land.

One Compound engine, one barring engine, two Donkey pumps and four boilers with Mill gearing attached to the engine.

Machines and fittings in the Mechanics shop.

Machinery in the Blow Room.

Machinery in the Carding Department.

Machinery in the Spinning Department.

Presses and Machinery in the Baling Department.

Accessories as follows: Bale breaking machine, grinding apparatus, wrapping tackle, bundling and other scales, Boddins, Skewers, Belting, &c., &c., and Electric Light and Sprinkler installations.

The Mill works 87,488 Spindles, out of which 22,512 are mule spindles and 14,976 are ring spindles.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application either be made to Messrs. Little and Co., Attorney to the Vendor, at their Office, Old Secretariat, Apollo Street or to Mr. R. D. Sethna, at the official Assignee's offices, High Court, Bombay, or at the Mill Premises or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 10th November, 1909.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. FACING THE SEA. FORT, BOMBAY.

THE ORIENT BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Opened for Business in 1907.

CAPITAL:—Fully Subscribed...Rs. 5,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—LAHORE.

BRANCHES:—Bombay and Lyallpur.

LONDON Bankers:—Parrs Banks Ltd.

AGENCIES:—London, Constantinople, Cairo and in all the Principal towns in India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened free of charge and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for long and short periods at rates varying from 3 to 6 per cent. per annum, according to the length of the period for which money may be deposited. Currency Notes of any circle and cheques on any town in India are received free of charge in this account.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS are opened with Rs. 10, and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum, except at Bombay where it is 4 per cent. per annum.

ADVANCES made on approved securities.

RULES of Business may be had on application at the Head Office or at any of the Branch Offices.

AHMAD HASSAN,
Barrister-at-Law,
Managing Director.

Bombay Gazette

SPECIAL CHRISTMAS NUMBER

To be issued in December.

Among the many features of this publication will be the following

ORIGINAL STORIES:

AFTER MANY YEARS,
By G. R. Sims.

THE GUEST AT THE INN,
By David Lyall.

MR. TOVEY'S CHRISTMAS EVE,
By Tom Gallon.

NORTH FOR CHRISTMAS,
By John Strange Winter.

CHRISTMAS IN MANY LANDS,
By William Le Queux.

THREE AND A CHRISTMAS TREE,
By Justin McCarthy.

ON EARTH PEACE,
By the Queen of Roumania.

COLONEL BAIGENT,
By Q.

THE WANDERER,
By Dorothea Deakin.

THE GREY LADY OF LAKESIDE,
By E. Everett Green.

The Number will contain many Illustrations and the following Special Attractions:—

Louis Wain's Cat Pictures.

Chuckles in Chalk by Percy French.

Christmas Conundrums,

Cookery and Dont's.

Edgar Lander's Humorous Sketches.

George Robey on Pantomimes.

New Puzzles.

N.B.—A number of pages will be reserved for advertisements. Applications for space should be sent early to the Manager,

BOMBAY GAZETTE.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS For Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. These who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Of all Chemists and Stores, or post free 6/- from MARTIN, Pharm. Chemist, SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, 8TH NOV. 09.] [BOMBAY, 9TH NOV. 09.

FINANCIAL.

		Rates.	Plus.	Minus
2½ per cent. Consols,...	...	82 1/2		1/8
3 do. Rentes ...	...	89 1/4	1/4	
2½ do. Sterling Loan ...	...	97 1/2	unchgd	
3½ do. Govt Securities,...	...	62 15/16	unchgd	
*Bar Silver in London ...		23 3/8	1/16	
do. do. 2 months' hence		23 1/2	1/8	
Silver in New York		50 3/4	1/8	
Exchange on London at Paris...		25.24	1	
do. do. Berlin....		20.48 1/2	unchgd	
do. do. do. New York.		4.87 1/2	3/8	
Discount Bank of England Rate.		5	Since 21st Oct.	
do Short London Bills				
3 months' sight.		4 5/8	unchgd	
do. Indian Bank Bills				
6 months' sight...		4 1/8	unchgd	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...		5 1/8	unchgd	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...		5 1/4	unchgd	
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...		4 1/2	3/4	
do. 7-day Market Loans...		4 1/2	unchgd	
Bar Gold (per oz.).....		77/9	unchgd	

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate). 1s. 3 7-8d. unchgd.
*Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL:—

Spots ...	...	...	...	Quiet, steady.
Futures ...	...	...	...	Steady.
East Indian	...	...	..	Quiet.
Manchester	...	...	...	Quiet.
Total Sales	...	...	...	6,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export			...	.....
Imports ...	...	...	...	22,000
Mid-Americans	...	...	...	...7·56—57
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	...			11 3-8 unchgd.

*Called 1,000

Future Delivery Prices:—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·28	7·28	7·32	7·33
—17	—17	—16	—16
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug
7·34	7·36	7·37	7·37	7·36
—17	—16	—17	—16	—17

NEW YORK:—

Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	...	62,000 Bales.
Do. do. last year ...	...	73,000 "
Exports to Great Britain	...	46,000 "
Do to Continent ...	...	16,000 "

Spot Cotton—14·20—15

Futures—Month of Dec. 13·90—20 } Declined owing to reported slack spot demand and to commission house liquidation.
Do. do. March 14·21—23 }

NEW ORLEANS:—

Spot Cotton—14 1-8—14
Futures—Month of Dec. 13·87—17
Do. do. Mar. 14·31—15
Closing Tone of Spot—Easy.

Washington, November 8.

The United State's Census Bureau gives the amount of cotton ginned upto 1st November as 7,012,000 Commercial Bales.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi, C.I.F.,—40—Nov.-Dec.—London—Sellers.
Tone of Wheat.—Firm.
Wheat afloat for U. K. Qrs. 1,440,000.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe.—62lbs.—36 5-8—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers—Firmer.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian.—37 3-8—Jan.-Feb.—Done—Steady.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Gujrat, per 416lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship 45 1-4 Nov.-Dec.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship 44 1-4 Nov.-Dec.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore—41 3-4 Nov.-Dec.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Easier.

LINSEED:—
Bombay, per 416lbs., ex-ship—59 3-4—Nov.-Dec.—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed.—Quiet.
Linseed Argentine La Plata 48 1-4—Dec.-Jan.—H. A. and D.—Sellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE:—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality).—8 1-4 unchgd

SUGAR:—
German granulated sugar, double bags, C. and F India 14s. 4½d.
Months of Shipment—Nov.-Dec.—Value.
Tone of Sugar.—Steady.

RUBBER:—
Para Rubber—Ss. 5d.—Value.

METALS:—

Copper Braziers	...	...	...	£68
Yellow Metal ...	...	...	...	6d.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [9TH NOV. 1909.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL

on 6th and 7th November, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
B. I. P. Railway.....	35	39,682
B. B. & C. I. Railway	101	120,312

FINANCIAL.

BANK RATES:—
Bank of England... 5 per cent. from 21st Oct.
Bank of Bengal ... 4 per cent. " 30th Sept.
Bank of Bombay... 4 per cent. " 4th Nov.
Bank of Madras ... 4 per cent. " 30th July.

MONEY:—
Borrowers for two months fixed at 3 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE:—
The market remains steady at 1s. 4 1-32d. T. T. for near delivery, but with business probably 1-32 better can be done. Buyers, however, are not anxious to settle except for December at 1s. 4 1-8d. T. T. but that rate is scarcely available yet. Credits are firm at 1s. 4 11-32d. 3 months' sight with bills scarce. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote:—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d. to 1-1⅜d.
Demand Draft	... 1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits—3 months' sight	...1s. 4 11-32d.
Do 6 months' sight	... 1s. 4 15-32d.
Do 3 months' sight—France	171 1-4d.
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	139 1-2
Hongkong—30 days' sight...	128
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...	151 1-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...	170 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—
The market opened at 94 1-4 ready and 94 1-16 for the settlement. There has been little doing in the market but on the whole sellers have predominated and quotations close 1-16 lower. Calcutta market is also slightly easier at 94 3-16 ready and 94 1-16 for delivery in a month.

We quote:—

Cash	... ...	Rs.	94-3
1st Settlement	... ...	"	94

BULLION:—
Bar silver in London on Monday closed 1-16 up at 23 3-8 ready and 1-8 up at 23 1-2 for two months' delivery. New York was up 1-8 at 50 3-4. Locally the market has been firm. The ready quotation opened at 58 7-8 ex duty and has advanced to 59 1-8. Forward rates have correspondingly the market closing firm as under. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold ...	...	...	Rs. a. p. 24 2 0
Australian Bar Gold ...	...	...	24 1 0
Bombay Bar Gold ...	...	...	24 0 0
English Shield Sovereigns	...	...	15 0 0
English Dragon Sovereigns	...	...	15 0 0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	...	...	59 2 0
Ditto 1st Settlement	...	...	59 3 0
Ditto 2nd Settlement	...	...	59 7 0

COTTON.

Market Report:—

Our market opened quiet with little enquiry and prices were quoted lower all round. Later on there was some improvement in the demand, and at Colaba a moderate business was put through, the market closing steadier after the Liverpool opener at the undermentioned quotations.

In ready cotton there was a small business done by exporters and mills.

QUOTATIONS:—

	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach ...	...302·3	Mar. 1910.
Good M. G. Broach ...	...284	Mar. 1910.
Fine M. G. Nagpur-Kampti	...286	Jan. 1510.
Fine M.G. Damangamm-Pulgaon	256	" "
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola	... 249	" "
Fine M. G. Amraoti ...	...249	" "
Fine M. G. Muttia ...	...241	" "
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	...229	" "
Fine M. G. Khandeish	...228·9	" "
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...230	" "
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...233	Dec. 1909.
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	...240·1	Nov. 1909.
F. G. M. G. Bengals ...	...211	Jan. 1910.
Good Westerns —	...289	Apl.-May 1910.
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar	...280	" "

Liverpool Opener:—

Opening Tone ...	...	Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales ...	...	8,000 bales.
Total Imports	...	2,000 "

Future Delivery Prices:—

Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
7·35	7·36	7·38	7·38
+07	+08	+06	+05
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May	May.-June	June-July	July.-Aug
7·40	7·42	7·42	7·43	7·43
+06	+06	+07	+05	+03

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—
The market is quiet.
We quote:—

Ready	...	Rs. 10 0 0	B.T.
April-May ...	...	" 9 0 8	B.T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is quiet but steady.
We quote:—

Ready Brown Cawnpore...	Rs.	6 11 0	B.T.
Ready Yellow ...	"	7 5 0	
Ready Yellow Gujarat ...	"	7 3 0	
Brown Delhi, Apl.-May ...	"	7 6 9	B.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—

Bold White 85 p. c. ...	Rs.	9	0	(R D
White Khandeish ...	"	8	0	0 Ready
Black Kutzi ...	"	39	0	0 D-J B T
Red Khandwa ...	"	41	8	0 D-J B T
Tone—Dull.				

POPPYSEED —

November	Rs.	9 10	0 R.T.
Tone—Dull.			

CASTORSEED:—

November	"	34	0 0 B.T.
Apl.-May	"	6	9 0
Tone—Quiet but steady.			

COTTONSEED:—

Dec.-Jan....	Rs.	22	8 0
Tone—Quiet but steady.			

GROUNDNUTS:—

Jan.-Feb.	Rs.	33	8 0
Tone—Quiet.			

MOWRASSED:—

November...	Rs.	6	5 0 R.T.

WHEAT:—

White Delhi, November...	Rs.	5	12 0 R.T.
White Delhi, April-May...	"	5	8 9

YARNS.

The market is quiet but steady with little doing.

THE SHARE MARKET.

BANKS:—

Bombay ...	...	...	1,480
India ...	...	...	69
Indian Specie ...	...	...	55

MILLS:—

David ...	...	—	412 1-2
Kohinoor ...	...	...	737 1-2
Manockji Petit ...	...	...	3,897 1-2
Phœnix ...	...	...	88 3-4

PRESSES:—

Indian Cotton ...	...	...	140
New Benar ...	...	...	580
New Mofussil ...	...	...	785

MISCELLANEOUS:—

Badham Pile & Co ...	...	...	135
Bamanlua Manganese ...	...	...	10
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary			94
Bombay E. S. & T. O. Ord. Preference.			152 1-2
Bombay Steam Nav. Co. Preference			295 C. D.
Central India Mining ...	...	...	345
Colaba Land and Mill ...	...	...	1,135
Delhi Flour Mill...	...	...	130
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...			19 1-4
Treacher & Co ...	...	...	565

RAILWAYS:—

Ahmedabad-Prantej ...	...	...	532 1-2
Tapti-Valley ...	...	...	435

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m. yesterday:—

Cotton ...	...	...	3,923 bales.
Wheat ...	...	...	10,863 cwts.
Linseed ...	...	...	4,599 "
Rapeseed ...	...	...	1,969 "
Gingellyseed ...	...	...	12,257 "
Poppyseed...	...	...	131 "
Groundnuts ...	...	...	852 "
Castorseed ...	...	...	8,522 "
Rice ...	...	...	2,918 "
Myrabolams	...	...	858 "
Cottonseed...	...	...	33,088 "
Mowrassed...	...	...	7,929 "
Gram ...	...	...	1,987 "
Joowar ...	...	...	49 "
Maize ...	...	...	3,747 "

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 6th November 1909 as compared with the statement of the 22nd October 1909:—

LIABILITIES.	Oct. 22. Rs.	Nov. 6. Rs.
Capital ...	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund ...	1,03,00,000	1,03,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office ...	58,86,000	47,77,784
Public Deposits at Branches ...	57,88,326	46,49,612
Other Deposits ...	11,97,08,141	11,24,70,977
Post Bills ...	6,342	8,746
Sundries ...	21,61,473	21,91,379
Rs....	15,38,20,282	14,43,98,498
ASSETS.		
Government Securities...	1,26,61,998	1,3,562,811
Other authorised Securities.	18,57,654	18,17,282
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities ...	1,18,87,998	1,28,05,924
Loans do. do.	3,11,71,372	2,81,92,726
Bills discounted and purchased ...	1,59,58,182	1,88,69,238
Dead Stock ...	3,05,911	3,05,951
Stamps ...	4,153	4,095
Bullion ...	3,41,889	3,27,034
Balances with other Banks.	14,65,835	15,08,519
Sundries ...	2,69,787	2,93,641
Cash ...	7,78,97,508	6,67,11,247
	15,38,20,282	14,43,98,498

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Florilline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florilline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is declicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

YULE—October 28, at Quetta, the wife of G. U. Yule, Royal Engineers, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

TEBBS—ANNESLEY—November 3, at St. Andrew's Church, Darjeeling, by the Venerable Archdeacon of Calcutta, assisted by the Revd. P. Crozier Frank Tebbs, Chief Engineer, Railway Department, to Constance Mary, widow of the late Major Robert Annesley, Lincolnshire Regiment.

RYE—MOORE—Oct. 31, at Holy Trinity Church, Murree, Hubert B. Tonson Rye, Lieut., Royal Munster Fusiliers, third son of J. Tonson Rye, Esq., J. P. D. L., and Mrs. Tonson Rye, Rye Court, Co. Cork, Ireland, to Rita, eldest daughter of Canon Courtenay Moore, and Mrs. Courtenay Moore, Mitchelstown Rectory, Co. Cork, Ireland.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Byculla Bridge, Byculla, Bombay.
TELEPHONE NO. 947.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 43m.; Sun sets, 6h. 2m.; High water, 9·47m, 10·26a; Low water 3·29m, 3·51a.

Jam Shri Ranjitsingji S. and W. Co. ordinary general meeting, 3·40 p.m.

B. V. R. Dance of the "E" Company (Cyclists), Town Hall, 9·30.

Lecture by President Henry C. King, D.D., LL.D., S.T.D., of Oberlin College, U. S. A. Subject:—"The Central Importance of Will and Action." at Wilson College, 6·30 p.m.

Maxim: "One foolish act may undo a man and a timely one make his fortune."

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Thursday, November 11.—The Divali Holidays begin. Lecture by President Henry C. King, D.D., LL.D., S.T.D., of Oberlin College, U.S.A. Subject:—"Reverence for Personality," at Wilson College 6·30 p.m. Laying of foundation-stone by H. E. the Governor of the New Mahomedan Moosafarkhana, Patan Road, 5. Sun rises, 6h. 44m.; Sun sets, 6h. 2m.; High water, 10·13m, 10·52a.; Low water, 4·4m. 4·17a.

Friday, November 12.—The Divali Holidays. Lecture by President Henry C. King, D.D., LL.D., S.T.D., of Oberlin College, U.S.A. Subject:—"How to make a Rational fight for Character." at Wilson College 6·30 p.m. Arrival of American Tourists. Meeting of the subscribers to the Lalcaca Fund, Town Hall, 6 p.m. Sun rises 6h. 44m. Sun sets 6h. 2m.; High water, 10·39m. 11·21a.; Low water, 4·39m. 4·44a.

Saturday, November 13.—Bombay Jackal Club opens at Santa Cruz. Sun rises 6h. 45m. Sun sets 6h. 1m. High water. 11·6m. 11·51a. Low water. 5·13m. 5·12a.

Sunday, November 14.—Hindu New Year. Sun rises, 6h. 45m.; Sun sets, 6h. 1m.; High water, 11·25m.; Low water, 5·47m., 5·41a.

Monday, November 15.—Government assembles in Bombay. Sun rises 6h. 46m.; Sun sets 6h. 1m.; High water, 0·24m.; 0·17a.; Low water. 6·21m. 6·11a.

Tuesday November 16.—Opening of the New Novelty Theatre.

Wednesday November 17.—H. E. The Viceroy's Arrival.

A CANDIDATE FOR THE JUSTICES' ELECTION.—Mr. Husain B. Tyabji, Barrister-at-law, eldest son of the late Hon. Mr. Justice Tyabji, is a candidate for the Corporation as a representative of the Justices of the Peace at the next general municipal elections.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion via Trincomin and Colombo per s.s. "Muttra" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7·30 p.m. on Saturday the 13th November Supplementary Mails will also be closed at 6·30 p.m.

ADDRESS TO MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD.—The "Kamdar Hitvardhak Sabha," or Society for the promotion of Workmen's Interests, are making arrangements to present an address to Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, Member of Parliament, on his return to Bombay from his tour in Upper India.

NEW BARRISTERS.—Yesterday morning before Mr. Justice Davar, Mr. B. B. Kanga was enrolled as a member of the Bombay Bar. In the afternoon Mr. Kenneth MacIntyre Kemp, brother of the Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court of Bombay was enrolled as a member of the Bar before the same Judge.

ACCOMMODATING THE PILGRIMS.—There being a large influx of pilgrims into Bombay this year the Police Commissioner has rented a three-storeyed house at Bhendy Bazar, in which 400 Hajis have been accommodated. The rent will be paid out of the money placed at the Police Commissioner's disposal by Government.

THE BOMBAY LADIES' BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.—A lecture will be given by Mr. C. M. Cursetji B.A., (Oxon) on "Lord Tennyson," with songs to-day, the 10th November at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the residence of Mrs. Collie, Rugby House, Nepean Sea Road, kindly lent for the occasion. Purdah arrangements will be made.

A MEETING IN THE COTTON EXCHANGE ROOMS.—A meeting of cotton merchants, brokers, and muccadums was held in the rooms of the Colaba Cotton Exchange on Monday evening, to express regret at the deaths of Mr. Sorabji Muncherji Nicholson, of Messrs. Breul and Co., and of Mr. Narayen Dhonduba of Messrs. Devadkar and Co., Mr. Purshotumdas Thakoredas was called to the Chair. The meeting passed a resolution to forward letters of condolence and sympathy to the families of both the deceased gentlemen.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A HEAD-CLERK.—Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, held an inquest yesterday at the J. J. Hospital touching the death of Merwanji Naoroji Bennett (46), a Parsi, late head-clerk at Wari Bunder Goods Yard. He was found lying unconscious on the floor of a house in Falkland Road. He was removed to the hospital where he died next morning. The death was due to cerebral hemorrhage. A verdict of death from natural causes was recorded.

HEROIC CONDUCT OF A MILL-LAD.—A little boy working in the Jubilee Mills recently fell into a tank whilst washing a pot. He was drowning, when his comrade, another lad, Dhondya Govind, at once jumped into the water to save him. Both were eventually pulled out by a Police Constable who had seen Dhondiya jump into the tank. The plucky conduct of Dhondiya, having come to the notice of Mr. S. M. Edwardes, the Police Commissioner, he in appreciation of the boy's heroism is shortly going to present him with come taken of his appreciation

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BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. R. E. Pigott, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. Railway Vol. Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. H. C. Dane, commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.) to-day:—

Spanish March.....A Bunch of Roses Chapi
Overture .....Zampa .....Herold
Selection .....Nelly Neil .....Ivan Caryll
Valse .....The Dollar Princess .....Leo Fall
New Sel

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Calcutta, 2,244 tons, Captain D. Young, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Karachi with a cargo of cotton.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Madura, 1,273 tons, Captain W. J. Bishop, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Busreh via Gulf ports, Karachi and Coast ports, with a general cargo, 194 cases opium, 97 horses and 1 cabin and 225 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line steamer Castalia, 4,081 tons, Captain J. Hamilton, will sail to-day for Marseilles and Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

THE P. & O. Co's steamer Himalaya, 3,740 tons, Captain E. Spicer, will sail to-day for Shanghai via intermediate ports and Colombo, with China and Australian mails, a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Colombo.—Mr. W. V Beck, Mr. R. A. and Miss Spees, Mr. C. W. Waddington, Mr. H. Natt, and Mrs. E. Usche. For Sydney.—Mr. Shiproff. For Fremantle.—Messrs. W. H. & A. Cartland, and Mrs. Cartland. For Shanghai.—Mr. M. B. Patel, Mrs. M. Anding, Miss V. and Miss G. Hannies. For Singapore, —Mr Usman Bin Ladi. For Yokohama.—Miss C. E. Hollingsworth.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H. M. S. Redbreast.....Lieut Tisdall .....Royal Navy
H M S Perseus .....Capt F G Bird... .....R Navy
H M S Proserpine...Capt J T Marshall .....R Navy
R I M S Lawrence ...Comdr E G Mills..... R I Marine
R I M S Minto.....Lt Comdr ...Luck.....R I Marine

In the Stream.

H M S Hyacinth...Capt Dick .....R Navy

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Yetorofu Maru ..3068 Soyeda ... ..Kobe .....15-11 N Y Kaisha
2 Castalia.....4081 Hamilton .....Liverpool 10-11 W & A Graham & Co
3 Bohemia...2304 Gillhuber ...16-11 .....Trieste A L S N Co
5 Ischia ..2481 Balsito...H'kong17-11 F & R S N Co
6 D Balduino .. ..2684 Maganzini ...Genoa...15-11 Florio & R S N Co
7 Chanda ...3951 Tice ..Antwerp.. 13-11 M M & Co
9 Himalaya...3700 Spicer Shanghai 10-11 P & O Co
10 & 11 City of London ...5693 Whish...Karachi 11-11 K Nixon & Co
13 Malwa...3801 Toeque ...London...20-11 P & O Co
15 Kola.....310 Rumage ...Busreh...11-11 M M & Co
16 Tamaghna .....2487 Luke .....Genoa.....18-11 T Morrison & Co

H W P D

Saraswati.....443 Ahmed...N F...N F...Bo S N Co Ld Offside M
Shah Jehan ...3563 Davidson Jeddah 13-11 B H S N Co

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
9	Calcutta s	Young	Karachi, Nov. 6
	Madura s.....	Bishop.....	Busreh, Oct. 27

DEPARTURE.

Nov.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
9	Blakemoor s	Knott	Dunkirk, &c

The following vessels obtained their particulars on Tuesday:—

Steamer Himalaya, Spicer, for Shanghai, &c,
" Castalia, Hamilton, for Liverpool, &c.

The following vessels began to load on Tuesday:—

a Steamer Salsette, for London.
" Calcutta, for Genoa and Antwerp.
a To arrive.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The German East Africa Line steamer Kanzler, left Mombasa for Bombay on the 8th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—NOV. 9.

FOR LONDON.

Malwa s—85 bales hemp R Reeve and Co; 2,000 cwts castorseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 4 bales carpets S Megjee; 10,500 cwts cottonseed, 8,000 cwts linseed, and 1,000 cwts maize, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

Salsette s—1 bundle ivory, K N Meanee and Co.

FOR HULL.

Calyx s—4,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

Hopemount s—2,000 cwts castorseed, 24,000 cwts cottonseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 3,619 cwts cottonseed, G Bhimji; 8,907 cwts cottonseed, Arjoon Khimji; 1,597 cwts cottonseed, Sanday and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hopemount s—4,998 cwts rapeseed, 1,000 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 6,036 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros; 1,500 tins manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co; 400 cwts horns, E Mahomed.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chanda s—110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 130 bales hemp L Valjee and Co; 3 cwts animal guts, Edward Wolf, 1,996 cwts linseed, J Fachiri; 8,417 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros; 560 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Barbara s—2,250 tons, manganese ore, R A Willis; 4,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 4,004 cwts rapeseed, 4,004 cwts linseed, and 1,000 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, J Fachiri.

Calcutta s—2,001 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri; 2,414 cwts gingellyseed G Bhimji; 100 bales hemp, Hirji Govindji; 4,000 cwts linseed, K Nixon and Co.; 44 casks goat skins, Enrico N Stein; 1,000 tons manganese ore S Smidt and Co; 1,982 cwts linseed; 2,000 cwts rapeseed, S Cooverji and Co.

Griqua s—1,960 cwts linseed; 1,999 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros; 4,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 1,330 cwts myrabollams, W Becher; 2,001 cwts rapeseed and 12,012 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 50 bales cotton-waste, N Damji.

FOR TRIPOLI.

D Balduino s—6 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

D Balduino s—100 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co; 50 bales cotton, Bamjee and Co; 900 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 200 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

Calcutta s—100 bales cotton, B Shamji and Co; 406 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

Trenoglos s—2,000 cwts linseed, 999 cwts teelseed; 1,900 cwts mowrseed; 800 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 100 bales cotton, M Bhimji and Co; 40 bales twist B Brady and Co; 1,000 cwts linseed, Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2,000 cwts castorseed, 4,000 cwts linseed, K Nixon and Co; 1,000 cwts castorseed, 2,000 cwts gingellyseed, 2,000 cwts linseed and 2,000 cwts rapeseed A Balcheak and Co; 900 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Castalia s—495 cwts mowrseed, J Fachiri.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—200 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 2,000 cwts castorseed and 154 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bohemia s—220 bales cotton, Brual and Co; 174 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 200 cwts olibanum, M Jafferbhoy; 560 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Bohemia s—400 bales cotton, Sorabjee Framjee and Co; 302 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR PORT SAID (for orders).

Griqua s—2,678 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANCONA.

D Balduino s—102 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR FUIME.

Bohemia s—126 bales cotton, Ralli Bros,

FOR SHANGHAI.

Himalaya s—3 chests opium G, Sobhagmal; 12 chests opium, Sassoon J David and Co

FOR KOBE.

Yetorofu Maru s—650 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton T Co; 4 bales cotton, N Futehally and Co; 1,000 bales cotton, Ralli Bros,

Ischia s—500 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Yetorofu Maru s—1,000 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton T Co; 1,300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

HAND-POWER HAY PRESSES.
LARGE STOCKS
READY FOR DELIVERY AT
MARSHALL, SONS & CO., LTD.,
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BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

HOUSES
FLATS
OFFICES
GODOWNS.
TELL US WHAT YOU REQUIRE
AND
WHAT RENT YOU ARE PREPARED TO PAY.
If we cannot suit you no one else can.
No unnecessary and vaxatious delays.
Compare our methods of doing business and judge for yourself.
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Hornby Road, FORT.

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AND OUR SHOWROOMS ARE REPLETE With the Season's
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DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING,
HIGH CLASS GOODS AT MODERATE PRICES,
and we place the resources of
AREGENT STREET HOUSE AT YOUR SERVICE.
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PIANOS
at London Cash Prices in India,
QUALITY, TONE, TOUCH,
GUARANTEED.

BLUTHNER,	From
SCHIEDMAYER, (J & F)	Rs. 550 to Rs. 3,000
RICHd. LIPP,	
STEINWEG-NACHF,	
Instalments from	and
Rs. 25.	MARCKS & CO.'S Standard Pianos.

These PIANOS are built expressly for us and selected with a view to giving absolute satisfaction. If you want a Piano communicate with us, and we will send you illustrated literature which we feel sure will interest you.
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BOMBAY AND POONA.

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.
LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.
HEAD OFFICES:—
[67 and 68, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON.
OFFICES IN THE EAST:—
CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.
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BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.
5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES
KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.
Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.
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BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 10, 1909.

THE DIFFICULTIES OF INDIAN STUDENTS.

As one who has been engaged for some time in practical educational work in Indian colleges, Mr. M. U. Moore, Principal of the Hindu College at Delhi, sets down, in the *Hindustan Review*, some of the conclusions at which he has arrived relative to the main obstacles in the way of Indian students. In doing so he is inspired by the hope that his effort may serve a double purpose, as indicating to the student the nature of the difficulties which lie before him in his course, and as directing the attention of the University authorities and intelligent teachers generally to the means whereby some of the difficulties may be lessened. Mr. Moore expresses the opinion that the explanation of poor results in University examinations is to be found in "something wrong in the whole nature and system of teaching in schools and colleges", rather than in the difficulty of the task set, and that too high a standard is set by the examiners. The students themselves would probably disagree while they remain students, and endorse the views of Mr. Moore in post-graduate days, so it is not worth while considering their opinions at the present time. Better results would accrue, says Mr. Moore, if University authorities only appreciated the peculiar difficulties which have to be faced in the imparting of a Western system of education and, taking these into account, modified in accordance therewith, the course of studies they lay down, and the character of the examination they set. Let us see what the difficulties are which the Delhi Principal has discovered. The first is that teaching is conducted and examinations held in a medium which is an alien one. So much is obvious, but there is no help for it. Educational books of any value are practically non-existent in vernacular literature. But that is no reason why the study of English should be made unnecessarily complicated by the introduction into the curriculum of books containing archaic English and obsolete phraseology." Mr. Moore would have all English literature—with the exception of Shakespeare and the Bible—prior to the nineteenth century, excluded, and considering the more than abundant store of modern literature which we possess, he can never understand the necessity of harking back two or three hundred years in order to provide the material wherewith to inculcate a knowledge of the English tongue. There is much in Mr. Moore's contention that in the case of schools the University should issue its own reading books, instead of depending on chance selections made by publishers, "whose choice of subject-matter would seem to be often guided by the stocks of inartistic out-of-date plates they possess which can be utilised to illustrate the text." There is apparently no attempt made to adapt them to any particular standard of intelligence and very few of the selected pieces, especially in poetry, afford any food for thought.

The second difficulty enumerated is one which many another writer has inveighed against—the mistake of cultivating the memory at the expense of the reasoning faculties. To learn long passages by heart is the simplest thing in the world to an Indian student, to understand them his last object or desire. It would not be easy to induce him to abandon the practice in favour of the more rational system. And yet, piquantly observes Mr. Moore, it is precisely these reasoning powers, fallen into abeyance by the centuries of disuse, which it should be the function of education to revivify. Only by training the student to think for himself, can he recover that reliance upon his own power of reasoning, which at present he mistrusts simply because it has become to him an unfamiliar weapon of use. It is not that the Indian is in any way inferior to his Western brother in reasoning power, but simply that, from his training in the past, he has never received any encouragement to cultivate this side of his nature." It is true there are signs of a change, but progress in this direction must necessarily be remarkably slow. "Boys must learn to analyse thoughts not sentences if our object is to create rational beings and not merely pedantic grammarians." The third difficulty in Mr. Moore's list arises from the systematic neglect of the æsthetic faculties in modern India, the apparent absence of any instinctive appreciation of art in the Indian peoples of the present day. There is "latent somewhere in the race an æsthetic faculty of no mean order—the heritage of a past of forgotten splendour, an æsthetic sense that sometimes crops up in unsuspected places." But the bulk of the people, even educated people, have little appreciation of art—a fact Mr. Moore is inclined to think is in great measure due to the influence of Western civilization and the utilitarian and commercial spirit to which over here that civilisation seems almost wholly confined. We regard this neglect of art as starving, in the young, of that particular department of their emotional nature which is alone susceptible of direct training and development and protests against it being left to starve with impunity. Mr. Moore tells us in college life he always keeps a look-out for the first dawning of a genuine sentiment of appreciation for what is beautiful or great in literature, because he knows that real progress begins from that date. The sublime at first awakens no enthusiasm, the pathetic fails to touch the heart, the humorous arouses only a wan and sickly smile. When once the literary appreciation asserts itself, the student stands on the thereshold of a new world—not a world of dull prosaic formula and commonplaces, but a world of beauty, of life, of art, "which still is life" and the teacher realises that his labour has not been in vain.

Last of the difficulties Mr. Moore mentions is also of a negative order—the tendency to remain satisfied with vague misty and ill-defined ideas. "There is none of that exacting spirit of the West, which refuses to be put off with anything short of complete and precise details." We fear that this absence remains after student-days, in the majority of cases, even in commercial life; it would be well if it did not, but among teachers it renders conformity to the required precision of Western education difficult. The cause is found in "the education of the past having contained nothing in the nature of a scientific training, and to the existence in the background of consciousness of a great body of philosophic thought of a highly transcendental nature—the heritage from past ages of mental activity. And this is combined too with a certain traditionary but unconscious leaning to metaphysical speculation, temperament, climate, environment. Western education must conform to Eastern requirements, and educationalists must ever remember the fact that their pupils are Orientals. They must not be over expectant. We do not believe that the tests are too severe, but that the poverty of results is due to the something, or several things, wrong in the system of teaching, added to several other in the inter-communication between teachers and taught. Mr. Moore, while pondering over the actual progress made, is constrained to acknowledge no small degree of credit is due to "the patience and perseverence of a class whom it is rather too much the fashion just now to hold responsible for the unrest which, unfortunately prevails. That all advance in education is invariably accompanied by a certain measure of discontent is a recognised fact. But this discontent is only a temporary stage, a passing phase of progress, which need not distress us, and which need not have been touched upon however lightly. The question is how may the difficulties which Mr. Moore indicates and which his experience in educational work, has proved to be serious hindrances to progress. It is for the Universities to take the lead. It is true the desired change can only be gradually effected, but we endorse the view of the writer of the article we have drawn attention to, that if the Universities take the lead, intelligent teachers will soon adapt their teaching to requirements, for the Universities and they alone can make the path of those under their charge more directly conducive to the desired goal as well as more pleasant to traverse.

THE BIRTHDAY HONOURS.

The list of recipients of Birthday Honours is one of the most uneventful of recent years. With one exception a peerage has been conferred on Sir John Fisher, as on Mr. Arthur Godley of the India Office, the latter a signal distinction in return for many years of the hardest work for this Empire, work to which we recently referred. But the mere noteworthy is that given to Sir John Fisher which confirms the recent rumour that he was about to retire from the Admiralty. The question, if his successer will give cause to no more wonderment than with the title as to whether it is an honour or a polite way of shouldering him out of the Admiralty for both views, will be taken, whichever be right and the latter after all must be regarded is the jaundiced view of a clique there is no doubt that it must be a well thought out however which comes most opportunely to justify the Premier in his recent defence in the recent scandal and it is this very fact that will give rise to the continued growth of the feeling that the Government has been forced into recognition that all has not been going well with naval administration of the rest six new Privy Councillors are made, including Colonel Seely, the member of the Abercombie Division of Liverpool and Under-Secretary for the Colonies, and Sir Walter Hely Hutchinson, who as a member of the Carlton Club would hardly seem and hold the same political views as the Government, though he is undoubtedly entitled to the honour which, if anything, is a little belated in view of his wide knowledge of the outposts of Empire and of his successful inauguration of responsible Government in Natal sixteen years ago. It will be remembered that he was Governor of that Colony and now holds the very responsible position of Commander-in-Chief at the Cape. Admiral Sir Edward Seymour is a good representative of all that is best in the Navy, the old Navy which saw battles in all parts of the world as has this Admiral of the Fleet, from Sevastopol to Canton. Sir Edgar Speyer represents a combination of finance and charity, and though it is probably his connection with the latter, including his interest in the King Edward Hospital Fund which has secured him the honour, his voice in financial matters is of the greatest value. Sir Henry Roscoe is a name which is known to almost every schoolboy as a great scientist who is also a great teacher, while Mr. Tomkinson would seem to have secured his selection through being a Directer of Lloyd's Bank and a willingness to help the Commons understand banking and other financial questions. Mr. W. J. Crossley, the Liberal member for Altrincham and one of the founding director of the Manchester Ship Canal, has been given a baronetcy in recognition of many years of sound work for the country, especially in Manchester, and it is well deserved, but of the six of the knighthoods conferred it is difficult to find any reason for four, unless it be for solid voting during the Budget debates. Mr. Brigg is interested in the Leeds and Liverpool Canal and also largely in the worsted business, while Mr. Pollard's chief claim to distinction is that he combines law and medicine among his attainments.

Mr. Robert Laidlaw has more title to his honour by reason of his work in the opium campaign and Commander Shackleton is rewarded for his work in the Antarctic, which by reason of its lack of ostentation compares so favourably with that of the northern claimants. Why, however, the Editor of the British Weekly should be selected is hard to see, since he is in no way representative of literature and owes most of his fame to his own self-advertisement. Mr. Napier comes into the class of colonial workers who obtain far less recognition than they deserve, and but serves to emphasize how unpopular Greater Britain is with the party in power at the present time. Sir Frank Swettenham, whose name is intimately mixed up with the fortunes of the Malay Peninsula, and whose name is almost as great as a writer as an administrator, is given the highest order of St. Michael and St. George and the Hon'ble Mr. Francis May, Colonial Secretary at Hongkong, the next class of the Order.

THE POULTRY INDUSTRY.

The Department of Agriculture of Eastern Bengal and Assam has issued a "bulletin" on the poultry industry in that province, which gives the result of the enquiries made by Mr. Ambika Charan Datta, who was placed on special duty to ascertain the possibility of developing the industry and improving the breeds of poultry, together with an account of the measures approved by Government for such improvement by Mr. A. A. Meggitt. It appears that when Mr. Datta commenced investigations the raiyats and ignorant cultivators everywhere offered opposition; suspecting that the enquiry was but a preliminary to the imposition of some new tax. There were not a few who openly said that Assam laws were going to be introduced by imposing a tax on the fowls and ducks. However Mr. Datta was able to appease their wrath and to complete his enquiries. Throughout the whole province of Eastern Bengal almost all the Mahomedan families rear a few fowls, mostly for home consumption, but also in the case of poorer classes for sale when they have any birds to spare. In the districts of Chittagong, however, the industry is more developed than in other part of the province an account of the large export trade with Burma and last year the value of birds and eggs aggregated four lakhs of rupees. They collect them from the villages and a class of petty traders has arisen. There is no particular breed of fowl there though many birds show traces of Chittagong blood and in many more, descent from jungle-fowl is obvious. No trouble is taken in the management of better fowls or ducks. They are generally left to themselves to forage for themselves and prove profitable. The Chittagong breed of fowl is the best to be found in Eastern Bengal and demand for them is greater than the supply, though nearly all families in some villages devote themselves to its production. To Mr. Datta it does not appear feasible at present to introduce any improvements in the local methods of rearing fowls, but he thinks improvements may be effected in the methods of breeding by introducing to the district these of better laying capacity and better for table purposes. The Langshan he recommends and would import a few from China or the Straits. He would have a central farm where only pure bred Langshan and Chitagong should be kept and exchange good cockerels for the common country bird of the villagers, Mr. Datta's recommendations have been adopted and poultry keeping on a relatively small scale is to be commenced at Dacca, the work to be undertaken in a quiet but thoroughly practical manner. Besides breeding and distributing stock bird, eggs for hatching of one or two selected pure breeds and the first crosses between them will be supplied and it is thought better results will be achieved than if attempts were at ones made to work on a larger number. It is felt that the only obstacle to success will be local prejudice.

YESTERDAY being the anniversary of the birthday of His Most Gracious Majesty King Edward VII and Emperor of India, all the Government as well as merchant vessels now in port were decorated with buntings and flags. The Royal Bombay Yacht Club flagstaff and the Royal Indian Marine Dockyard flagstaff were also decorated. The flags were flying on the Secretariat, the Town Castle flagstaff Sailors' Home, all the Foreign Consulates, and many a business house in Bombay, in honour of the occasion. A royal salute of 31 guns was fired at noon.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

"WHEN GREEK MEETS GREEK."

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, OCTOBER 22.

THERE has been a big "boom" in international fray since the revival of the Olympic Games in 1896 and it is bound to continue. Foreigners have certainly made giant strides in sports, which a few years ago, were mainly confined to the English speaking races, and this particularly applies to rowing, swimming, cycling and lawn-tennis. Football, running, boxing and golf are also gaining in popularity among European sportsmen all of which is satisfactory. In writing on this subject, it would not be right to ignore the fact that foreigners can give Britishers points at some pastimes, notably catch-as-can wrestling, skating and horsemanship, while at the most important of all, rifle shooting, they are "right in it" as shown at the Olympic Games matches. In spite of the manner Europeans have taken up our sports, it can safely be said that the most interesting international events are those between different branches of the Anglo-Saxon race and particularly when it is a case of England vs. America (by which, in this case, means United States, and not the bigger dominion to the north). This is because the rivals are usually very evenly matched and filled with the same ideals of sportsmanship, so that it becomes a case to justify the heading to this para. Sportsmen well know the great interest taken in the races for the "America" Cup, or an Anglo-Australian cricket match, and in a lesser degree, a Rugger match between the New Zealanders and one of the Home fifteens. All this is good, and may it continue, for it is up to Americans, over-seas Britishers (Canadians, New Zealanders, South Africans and Australians) and Home Britons, to set the example of how to "play the game" and take victory or defeat in the proper spirit.

"A FAIR FIELD AND NO FAVOUR."

The above motto appeals as much to good sportsmen across the Atlantic as it does to Englishmen, and it is, therefore, to be hoped the best American sportsmen will, in the interests of International sport, use their influence to alter the unfair conditions governing the races for the "America" Cup. A badly arranged programme during the first week of the Olympic Athletic Games, gave Americans grounds for suggesting that "the heats were fixed," though a more careful study of the programme, would have shown them that the mismanagement also "hit" some of the Home athletes. This, however, was as a mere pin prick compared to the way the English boats are handicapped when racing for the "America" Cup. Now the writer for one, thinks better of American sportsmen as a body than to believe they are unwilling to risk a series of matches under fair and equal conditions. We all know how the present conditions for the "America" Cup races are governed by the deed of gift, but surely when the interest of the case demands a change, the rules should be altered. If the powers that be cannot see their way to change the present unfair conditions, the best thing to do, would be to place the historic bit of silver, given by the late Queen Victoria, in some museum, with the following inscription appended: "This Cup was withdrawn from competition because the unfair conditions could not be changed, so as to give challengers an equal chance, and American sportsmen decline competition, in which they cannot honestly say 'A fair field and no favour.'"

Sir Thomas Lipton recognises how useless it is to try and win the America Cup under existing conditions, and his efforts to get the New York Yacht Club to accept a challenge under International rules, is deserving of every consideration. Races for the "America" Cup mean the spending of a lot of money and this alone ought to awaken "the man in the street" to the necessity of making races possible. It may never occur to the rank and file of sportsmen of how the challenge boat is handicapped. When the Cup was first competed for, the yachts were genuine ocean-going craft, but now-a-days a defender can truly be termed a racing machine. The challenger however, is under the conditions, bound to cross the Atlantic on her own bottom and must necessarily be built stronger than the defender. If the New York Yacht Club officials feel they cannot alter the present conditions, their is still another way they can prove their support to the "fair field and no favour" policy. It is by announcing that the defender, before the races, will be sailed to Ireland and back, so that, in this particular, both challenger and defender will be on equal footing.

INTERNATIONAL POLE.

Attention to detail, in matters appertaining to sport, is not a strong point with Home Britishers, but the Hurlingham Pole Club executive have apparently grasped the importance of this. The gentlemen concerned, have decided not to try (for the present) to regain the "America" Polo Cup, which the American team won last summer and took back to its original home.

Instead of doing so, they will not devote their energy to discovering the four best team players, and giving them every opportunity to play together under the American rules, wherein there is no off-side. Efforts will also be made to get together a suitable stud of a ponies, for in the last International matches, the Americans were better mounted, in addition to being a superior combination. It costs a lot of money to embark on most International competitions, but fortunately the men, who play polo in England, are, for the most part, well off, consequently there ought to be no difficulty on the score of expense. To win back the Cup, it will be necessary to drop all class distinction and not confine the selections to one set. Nor will it do for the owners of the best ponies to sell them to Americans, as in the past few years. With proper method and enterprise however, we may see a really good combination playing together by the end of next season, so that another series of International matches may be possible in the summer of 1911.

BOXING.

If pluck alone would ensure success, then Marcel Moreau deserved to win his match against Jack Goldswain at the National Sporting Club, last Monday. The bout was put on in place of the Summers vs. Welsh contest, postponed until next month, and in consequence of the somewhat hurried preparation he had, Goldswain was hardly so fit as he might have been. This made a difference to the Londoner, as a man of 32 requires more training than one of 23, which is the age of Moreau. The Frenchman was full of fight for ten rounds, and his rushes gave Goldswain plenty to do. During the last five rounds, however, the Londoner had the best of matters, and towards the end of the eleventh and thirteenth rounds, fought his rival "groggy." Moreau rallied, however, and stood up manfully in the 14th and 15th rounds, and though well beaten on points, his plucky efforts gained him many friends.

Another important bout at headquarters, was the one in which Seaman Hayes knocked out G. Moore of Barking in the twelfth round of their contest. Moore rather disappointed his admirers, and was probably too finely drawn, for his blows lacked power. Jim Driscoll, who was present, was particularly disappointed, for had Moore shown good form, a match between the Barking youth and Driscoll for the feather-weight championship would probably have materialised. Touching on the future, Sam McVea looks to be in for a busy time and he will shortly meet Sid Russell of Australia, the latter also having contracted to try conclusions with J. Jeannette.

BILLIARDS

Tom Reece of Oldham is handling the billiard one in great from just now, and he looks likely to win the first heat of the Burroughs and Watts tournament, wherein he receives 5,000 points start from H. W. Stevenson in 18,000 up. The scratch man made a splendid break of 457 last Saturday afternoon, but Reece went one better in the evening by reaching his points with an unfinished break of 492. This he increased to 644 on Monday, and might have gone on, had not a thoughtless spectator struck a match as he was about to try a difficult top-cushion cannon playing from the "D." The break is the highest Reece has ever made under standard conditions, besides being the best of the season.

PEDESTRIANISM.

It looks as though we shall have a boom in matters pedestrian during the next few months. In addition to the going over of N. C. Cartmell, we have B. R. Day of Blackpool willing to run R. Tigour and H. Dubedat of France at distances between 100 and 600 yards, as C. W. Gardiner of London is also open for engagements at long distances, the prospects look good.

The victory of H. St Yves in the Seattle "Marathon" race on October 17, indicates that his collapse when running Hans Holmer a few weeks previously was only temporary, which is satisfactory, for unfortunate happenings in connection with sport are likely to do much harm. The ex-waiter is a top notcher, as his past records show, nevertheless his latest performance of 2 hours 32mins 39secs for 26miles 385 yards, makes one wonder if the track was correct. The cabled result does not tell us how far J. D. Marsh and J. J. Hayes were behind, but the veteran Salford Harrier certainly retains his form in a wonderful manner, as instanced by his defeat of the Olympic Marathon winner.

FOOTBALL.

The Coventry Rugby Club recently suspended until January, 1st) will remain loyal to the Rugby Union, for though the officials consider the punishment excessive, they are also desirous of fostering rugby in the district. Apropos of this matter, the Rugby Union has decreed that all clubs—other than schools and colleges—having an income of more than £100 a year, must furnish a balance sheet to the governing body annually.

The struggle for the leadership of the First Division of the League is now keener than ever in consequence of Sheffield United only earning one point when visiting Notts County on Monday. The United accomplished a fine performance when beating (2—1) Everton on the latter's ground, and the Goodison Park team has dropped back in the race. Liverpool and Blackburn are well in the running, while Nottingham Forest is another club near the top, the points being: Sheffield United, 14 for 9 matches, Liverpool and Blackburn with 12 for 8, and Nottingham Forest with 11 for 8 engagements. West Bromwich Albion and Hull City are joint holders of the lead in the Second Division, while Celtic show the way in the Scottish League. As to club games, a fine struggle was seen in the annual Glasgow vs. Sheffield match, the later winning by 1 goal, to 0 the low scoring being due to the remarkable goalkeeping by Brownlie, the Scottish International.

THE TURF.

Racing this week has been confined to minor meetings, and punters are looking forward to the Cambridgeshire with much eagerness. Readers of these notes will recall that Sir Martin and Mediant were mentioned as being well in when the weights appeared. Both have been well to the fore this week, but in different ways. In consequence of a poor trial at Newmarket, Mediant was scratched, and it appears that the filly cannot stay beyond 6 furlongs Sir Martin, however, grows in favour and will probably start a hot favourite.

A SENSATIONAL BID.

The death of St. Blaise recalls the sensational bid made for the Derby winner of 1882, when he was up to auction in New York. His purchaser only made one bid, and writing from memory, your correspondent believes it was the only offer. As however, it was the then a record one of 100,000 dollars, (£20,000) other would-be bidders were scared, or bluffed off, and the son of Hermit was knocked down at the figure named.

IN GENERAL.

M. J. G. Ritchie won the London Covered Court Lawn Tennis championship on Saturday, while on Monday he embarked on a matrimonial venture.

H. Cower is unrepentant for the absurd mistakes he and his colleagues on the Selection Committee for the Test Matches made.

Newport leads for the Welsh club championship, with a record of 5 wins and 2 draws.

J. H. Taylor beat J. Braid in a 36 holes golf match at Kidderminster on Wednesday, by 5 up and 3 to play.

The new President of the Oxford University Athletic Club is L. C. Hull, a Rhodes scholar from Michigan, U.S.A.

H. W. Stevenson made five consecutive three figure breaks on Wednesday.

Bayardo easily won the Sandown Foal Stakes yesterday, the opposition being confined to three moderate animals. Although it was not until the Ascot meeting that Bayardo found winning form, the colt has managed to win nine races this season, the stakes amounting to £23,742, or over 118,000 dollars in United States money.

THE "ETERNAL FEMININE."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I once read an article, in which a writer contested the idea that Eve was fashioned out of the rib of Adam: it was the 'funny-bone, he contended, that had that honour, and as proof he quoted the fact that man, as a rule, lacked the saving sense of humour. I laughed at this at the time, treating it as a bit of a 'skit,' but reading through 'some' of the contributions of your many correspondents, has almost convinced me that there was more truth than 'skit' in it. Here are a number of zealous knights, all anxious to break a lance in defence of my lady's fair fame, yet each and everyone seems rather diffident about announcing his name, nor does he raise his visor even, after giving combat, when saluting his fair lady, lest perhaps his neighbours learn who he is and point him out hereafter as "He that split a lance in a woman's name!" Perhaps, however, that is in accordance with 20th century rules of tourney. But then these same knights before splitting a lance to prove my lady's not vain, "et hoc genus omne," and "worse" seem to have been at much pains to emphasise the fact that there are flaws of course, but with all her faults she is lovable, she can still pass as man's companion—his complement! These are the conditions on which each offers combat. Incidentally he also arrogates to himself the right to immaculate perfection and unchallenged superiority!

Brave knights, noble knights, mistake not the smile that illumines from end to end the gallery of love and beauty as a mark of pleasure and gratitude at your high condescension: it is but the beacon that heralds the fact that "my lady" at least does not lack, whatever else she may, the saving grace of humour. Perhaps also she cannot help recalling Carlyle's remark: Such a minnow is man. To the minnow every granny and pebble and quality, and accident, of its little native creek may have become familiar: but does the minnow understand the ocean tides and periodic currents, the trade-winds, and monsoons, and moon's eclipses: by all which the condition of its little creek is regulated, and may, from time to time, be quite overset and reversed?"

"A man's character," says Lord Morley, "is a strangely fitted mosaic, and it is unsafe to assume that all its traits are of one piece, or inseparable in fact, because they ought to be inseparable in logic." And here are my valiants, dissecting a "woman's" character, and, after examining a few tiny cells, and there are millions of them, assuming to dogmatise as to the formation of the whole by rule of three!

Man will never possess the cypher-key wherewith to read woman: she will ever remain incomprehensible, therefore indefensible, and inarguable about. "Variable as the weather," says one, "one point more variable," another, and a chorus of voices will join in "in all save constancy." And yet, though it sounds paradoxical, all are correct.

In trying to understand women, we are like children ever asking ba'ing whys and wherefores, and never getting any satisfactory replies to our many questionings, and like children we must learn to lean on our intuition, know when to trust, but in trusting give our best, our all. Women is an extensive volume of boundless, almost formless, contents, a very sea of thought: neither calm nor clear, if you will: yet wherein the toughest pearl diver may drive to his utmost depth and return not one only with sea-wreck but with true Orients." "When man," to to quote Lord Morley again, "have the demon of a fixed idea in their cerebral convolutions, they easily fall victims to a devastating credulity." In criticizing women, or for the matter of that, mankind in general, let us therefore see to it that we have first of all put this demon, our prejudices, on one side and then, as far as possible,

"Let us see the sunny side of man,
"Or be believers in it,
"A soul there is in every man,
"Who takes the pains to find it."

If we do that conscientiously, we cannot help seeing eye to eye with Mrs. Craik that "the chorus and comment on all life might be included in two brief phrases given by our friend Shakespeare, one to Hamlet, and the other to Othello, 'Tis very strange,' and "Tis better as it is." I would even go so far, for the benefit for such of your readers to whom it will appeal, as any basis of philosophy in this case is better than none, to quote:

"All objects are insipid that do not come by delusion and everything is shrunken as it appears in the glass of nature, so that if it were not for artificial mediums, refracted angles, and false lights, varnish and tinsel, there would be pretty much of a level in the felicity of mortal man."—Swift.

As for "Benedict's" letter, it

THE LORDS AND THE COMMONS.

DEBATE ON THE BUDGET.

First Reading Formally Adopted.

LONDON ELECTIONS BILL REJECTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 8.

The Lords have formally adopted the first reading of the Budget.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 9.

The House of Lords has rejected the London Elections Bill which makes London a single Parliamentary Borough.

LATER.

The *Times* announces that the Opposition will move a resolution in the Lords stating that the issues are so serious that they are unable to pass the Budget before the country has been consulted.

THE BIRTHDAY HONOURS.

An Uninteresting List.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 8.

The Birthday Honours' List, published to-night, includes the following new Privy Councillors:—

Colonel Seely.

Sir Walter Haly-Hutchinson.

Sir Edward Seymour.

Sir Edgar Speyer.

Sir Henry Roscoe and Mr. James Tompkinson, M. P. for Crewe.

Six baronetcies are created, including Mr. W. J. Crossley, M.P. for Altrincham.

The Knighthoods include Mr. John Brigg, M.P. for Keighley; Mr. Robert Laidlaw, M.P. for Renfrewshire; Mr. G. H. Pollard, M.P. for Eccles; Dr. Robertson Nicoll; Commander Shackleton, the explorer; and the Hon. Mr. W. J. Napier, formerly Attorney-General of the Straits.

Sir Frank Swettenham is created a G.C.M.G., and the Hon. Mr. Francis H. May, Colonial Secretary, Hongkong, is made a K.C.M.G

LONDON, NOVEMBER 9.

The Birthday Honours also include Major-General Swaine and General Sir R. S. S. Baden-Powell, who are created K. C. B.

Peerages have been conferred on Sir John Fisher and Sir Arthur Godley.

COTTON IN AFRICAN COLONIES.

Herr Dernburg's Views.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 8.

Dernburg, German Colonial Secretary, ...g at a banquet at Liverpool, dwelt ...e cotton-growing possibilities of the ...an colonies, relating his investigations in ...merica.

THE AUSTRALIAN COAL STRIKE.

Serious Situation Anticipated.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 8.

Telegrams from Sydney state that police ...leave has been stopped. The retailers have doubled the price of coal. It is feared in Melbourne that the situation will become serious, though public undertakings possess a two months' supply.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 9.

Sydney telegrams state that trade at Newcastle is at a standstill. The miners of the South and the West are expected to join if they are pressed and also bricklayers and draymen. Finance is the crux of the position. Northern proprietors hold £20,000 in wages due to strikers.

THE EMPEROR MENELIK'S HEALTH.

Another Recovery.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 8.

A telegram received, in Rome from Adis Abeba, states that the Emperor Menelik's strong constitution has triumphed over the last attack and he seems for the moment to be out of danger.

KING MANUEL AT MADRID.

LONDON, NOVEMBER

King Manuel has arrived in Madrid. He drove to the Palace, accompanied by King Alfonso.

NAVAL CHANGE AT MALTA.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 9.

Rear-Admiral Ernest Simons has been appointed Admiral Superintendent at Malta.

BOXING IN ENGLAND.

Light-weight Championship.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 9.

At the National Sporting Club last night, Freddy Welsh beat Johnnie Summers on points, in the twenty-rounds contest for the Light-weight Championship of England and a purse of £2,200.

THE CANADIAN NAVY.

Initial Programme.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 9.

A telegram from Ottawa states that the Cabinet has decided that the Naval Bill shall be introduced this session and that it shall provide for the construction of three second-class cruisers and four destroyers.

CHINESE RAILWAYS IN YANGTSE.

Great Britain's Interests.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 9.

In the House of Lords, Lord Stanhope asked firstly whether in view of German claims to participation in the construction and financing of railways in the Yangtse provinces, Great Britain had recognised Germany's exclusive claims to railways and mines in Shangtung, secondly, whether in view of similar claims put forward by Russia wich regard to the Yangtse, the Anglo-Russian Convention of 1899 with reference to railways had been abrogated and the British were able to claim equal opportunity north of the Great Wall, and thirdly, whether it was not advisable to determine the geographical limits of Japan's veto on Chinese measures to develop Western Manchuria and Mongolia.

Lord Crewe replied: "In answer to the first question, Great Britain has not given Germany any assurance in the sense indicated; secondly the participation of Russians in railway enterprise in the Yangtse has been confined to the loan not secured by any mortgage on the line. The loan did not appear to contravene the Anglo-Ruisian Agreement, and Government do not anticipate that similar British participation in railway enterprise North of the Great Wall would occasion any protest on the part of Russia. It is important to remember the great change which has taken place in China since the Anglo-Russian Agreement, and also to remember that all new roads will be under the control of the Chinese Government." In answer to the third question, Lord Crewe said: "As the matter stands it is entirely one for arrangement between China and Japan."

INDIAN EXAMINATIONS.

Advisory Board not Considered Necessary.

LONDON, Nov. 9,

The *Standard* states that the Master of Elibank, replying to the suggestion of Sir Philip Magnus to create an Advisory Board for Indian Examinations, states that Lord Morley sees no reason for appointing an Advisory Council, nor is he convinced that if such were done, the chances of dissatisfaction would be diminished.

NEW HEAD MASTER OF RUGBY.

Engagement Announced.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The engagement is announced of Mr. David, formerly Head Master of Clifton, who has just been appointed Head Master of Rugby, to the eldest daughter of Mr. Miles, late of the Indian Works Department.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, NOVEMBER 8.

The death is announced of Dr. Dallinger.

[Rev. William Henry Dallinger, D. C. L., LL. D., F. R. S., was a Wesleyan Minister without any particular pastoral charge. He was born in Devonport in 1842, and was the son of Mr. J. S. Dallinger and Emma, daughter of David Goldsmith of Bury St. Edmunds. He was principal of Wesley College, Sheffield, 1880, and commenced in 1870 a series of microscopical researches on the life-histories of minute septic organisms, which extended over ten years. This was followed by other cognate researches, Dr. Dallingor was made a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1880, and was President of the Royal Microscopical Society for four years; he was senior lecturer on the staff of the Gilchrist Educational Trust. He edited and re-wrote the last edition of The Miscroscope and its Revelations, which was enlarged and almost wholly again rewritten in a later edition in 1901. The chief publication of Dr. Dallinger is "The Creator and what we may know of the Method of Creation" 1887.]

LONDON, NOVEMBER 9.

The death is announced of Sir John Baker, M. P., for Portsmouth.

[Sir John Baker was a Liberal member of Parliament for Portsmouth since 1906. He was a woollen manufacturer. He was twice Mayor of Portsmouth, and was elected Chairman of the Portsmouth School Board at its formation, and held the office for twenty-one years. He was born at Portsmouth in 1826.]

HOUSE SEARCHES IN THE PUNJAB.

Suspected Books Seized.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 9.

At Lalchand Falak's Bande Mataram Book Agency, the Police took away all copies of "Kaum Kis Taras Zinda Rahti hai," or "How nations are kept alive," "Sarkari Mutazawat" or "Government service," "Qaumi Talim" meaning national education. Lalchand's father applied for bail, but the applicant was told by the District Magistrate to renew the application after the police sent up the case.

At Kishen Singh's house the police removed all copies of "Bandar Baut" meaning distribution by monkey divide and conquer European, "Tabzebki Bazabtgi" meaning blemishes of European civilisation, "Bagi Massih" meaning revolt of Christ, "Amanat me Khiyamat," meaning betrayal of trust, "Gadr" meaning mutiny, "Bhagvaty" or revolution, "Ungli Pakarte Pauncha Pakra" meaning the seizing the wrist after holding the fingers, and photos of Tilak, Ramdash Swami, correspondence and manuscripts of unpublished writings of Sufi Amba-prasad and Ajit Singh

The *Punjabee* says that Kishen Singh, Ajit Singh's brother, went to the City Police Superintendent for surrendering himself, but was informed there was only a search warrant and that Swaransingh is said to be suffering from consumption.

The house of Bawa Dhanpat Rai, Pleader, Kasur, and father-in-law of Ajitsingh, was searched at Kasur and so also Ajit Singh's house near Layallpur.

Boots weighing 4lbs. each and lined with wool, are being manufactured at Northampton for Captain Scott's South Polar expedition.

THE MADRAS COUNCIL.

Last Meeting under Old Rules.

CANDIDATES FOR ELECTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 9.

The Madras Legislative Council at its meeting to-day passed a Bill amending the Madras District Municipalities Act and the Prime Movers and Steam Boilers Act; also another Bill to include the Jagir of Arni in the North Arcot District into the Scheduled Estates declared impartible.

The non-official members had given notice of a large number of questions which the Government answered in great detail. Many of the questions related to the administration of jails, education etc.

His Excellency the Governor, in declaring the meeting adjourned *sine die*, said that that was the last occasion on which they met under the old Act and expressed hearty appreciation of the services of the non-official members of Council. In conclusion, His Excellency hoped that under the new Act they would work under the same happy conditions and with the same beneficial results.

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 9.

The Rajah of Vizianagram is offering himself as a candidate for election to the new Legislative Council in the Zamindari interest. The Rajah has made a gift of the Victoria Public Hall to the town of Madras, besides Rs. 1,000 towards the sanitary improvement of Vizianagram city and he maintains a First Grade College, a dispensary, and a Sanscrit College founded by his predecessor.

The Hon'ble Rajah Vasudeva, the Rajah of Kollengode, is a candidate for election to the Reformed Council. He stands in the landholders' interest.

DISTILLERY CLASS AT MADRAS.

Students from All India Admitted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 9.

The Madras Government have opened a Distillery class for the benefit of subordinates of the Abkari Department. They will be trained in organic chemistry, distillery process, brewing, etc. Subordinates from other provinces are also attending the class. There are three from Baluchistan, three from Rajputana, seven from Burma and Ceylon each, and four from Berar, and nine from Bombay. A few Native States have also deputed students to attend the class.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AND NATIVE STATES.

Mr. Setlur's Appointment to Mysore Court Vetoed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, NOVEMBER 9.

A correspondent writes to the *Hindu* newspaper that the Government of India, contrary to the policy of non-interference which H. E. the Viceroy said at Udaipur they were following in regard to Native States, have advised the Mysore Government that the appointment of Mr. Setlur, B. A., LL.B., Puisne Judge of the Chief Court of Mysore, was not desirable. The correspondent goes on to say that the Government of India's reason for this appears to be that Mr. Setlur, while practising as an Advocate at Bombay edited a book entitled "The Trial of Mr. Tilak" and then, too, it is rumoured that the Bombay Political Department have in their possession a letter written by Mr. Setlur to Mr. Tilak expressing sympathy with his propaganda.

The editor in a footnote states that he believes the correspondent's information to be generally correct, but adds that the letter in question was written to a Nationalist Leader in Calcutta at the time of Surat Congress expressing disapproval of Extremist tactics. This letter fell into the hands of the C. I. D. at one of the Calcutta house searches and subsequently filed as an exhibit in the Alipore case and read in Court by Mr. Norton.

KARACHI VICTORIA MUSEUM.

Proposed Transfer to Sind College.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, NOVEMBER 9.

At a recent meeting of the Municipality it was recommended to hand over the Victoria Museum to the Sind College on payment of Rs. 60,000 and to restore the ownership of the site to Government. There is, however, no precedent for a public museum being converted into a kingdergarten for any one section of the community and the Local Government would do well to veto the proposal.

ILLICIT SALE OF COCAINE IN KARACHI.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, NOVEMBER 9,

There is a reason to believe that cocaine is being extensively smuggled into Karachi City where it finds a ready sale in the native quarters. Acting on information received the police recently made a raid on the premises of certain reputed illicit dealers, but were only successful in finding a number of empty bottles.

THE ALLAHABAD "SWARAJ."

Arrest of the Editor.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 9.

It appears that the arrest of Nandgopal, editor of the *Swaraj*, at Allahabad on Saturday last was made on a warrant issued by the District Magistrate of Lahore. Nandgopal has already been taken to Lahore under Police custody.

It is understood that the arrest of Nandgopal, of the Allahabad *Swaraj* at Allahabad, is connected with arrests made of Lalchand Fulak and Swaburn Singh at Lahore under Section 124 A. Nundgopal is believed to be the same person, who was connected with the *Inquilab* newspaper and press confiscated under the News-paper Violence Act some time ago at Lahore.

No fewer than fifty-seven towns and boroughs in France have decided to name a street after Ferrer.

THE SITUATION IN PERSIA.

Firm Rule at Shiraz.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 8.

The Shiraz correspondent of the Labore paper writes in terms of high praise of the new Provincial Governor, who is without any support except from the tag rag soldiery of the Shah. He has made, and is making his influence felt on all sides. In the town he has restored order and put the fear of the law into the hearts of the most bold and hardened ruffians. He has publicly hanged another murderer. To be exact, he hoisted him up and called upon a relative of the murdered men to shoot the murderer, which he did. Mutilations and punishments goes on apace, but the effect is all that one could wish. As to the districts no robbery has been reported for some time except one by Kuhgelus, near the Ispahan frontier, and another in Dashti, not so far from Bushire. One of his latest achievements is the arrest of Jani Khan, leader of the Arab tribes and a well-known robber. He is now trying to get Asghar Khan, another Arab Chief, but Asghar so far declines to be tempted into Shiraz. A force of soldiers is now in Kazeroon to support the local Governor there and it is said the last order to the Kazeroon Governor was to put up a gallows as soon as he reached his destination. Of the Solat one hears very little. He is in the vicinity of Bezch not many miles from Shiraz and from all accounts seems to be on good terms with the Government. The Governor has issued orders that the Kazeroon road must again be used regularly for traffic. No doubt he will see to it, that the Khans and their ruffianly followers keep within the law. The transport rates from Bushire have fallen somewhat, but are still far above normal. The Firuzabad road has worked most successfully and it would be a very good thing if it could be put into permanent repair and use. The British relief force is still at Shiraz and so far as can be learned its departure is as yet undecided.

LAHORE, NOVEMBER 9.

The *Civil and Military Gazette's* Shiraz correspondent writes in terms of high praise of the Provincial Persian Governor. He has restored order and made law revered even among ruffians. He has arrested some notorious robbers. Mutilations and punishments go on apace and the effect is all one could wish. Solat is now on good terms with the Governor. The Governor has issued orders that Kazeroon Road must be used regularly for traffic relief. A force is still there and its departure as yet undecided.

POLITICS AT HOME.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, NOVEMBER 9.

The *Pioneer's* Parliamentary correspondent, in reviewing the symptoms of brewing political life, writes "the Liberal officials are proceeding on the assumption that the Lords will not reject the Budget and that this Parliament has a life still remaining of at least two years." He adds on his own account a doubt of the correctness of this reckoning and says probably to-day even in the Liberal ranks there are a few who do not anticipate that a declaration of war is inevitable.

"MAN'S RELATION TO ANIMALS."

Lecture at Lucknow.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, NOVEMBER 9.

Reverend Harvey delivered a very interesting lecture on Monday evening on "Man's Relation and Duty to Lower Animals," presided over by Mr. Kempster, Principal, Training College, Lucknow.

The lecturer said that lower animals regarded man as a mysterious being, higher than them in wisdom and power, just as man regards God—a character and temper like the divine. Instances were quoted to show how man can develop the moral nature of a lower animal such as a dog or a horse. Taking the lives of animals he justified if it were done with wisdon, justice and mercy as God does with us. He supported flesh food because multitudes of animals were used for purposes of food only which live happy lives for some time. As to what animals were more suited for food he praised Indian dislike to take beef. For animals used to labour he advocated a weekly day of rest and in conclusion, urged the necessity of founding a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals and a hospital for sick animals.

MR. RAMSAY MACDONALD AT LUKNOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

LUCKNOW, NOVEMBER 9.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald went out of the City this morning with Mr. Jplin, Deputy Commissioner, to see rural life and lunched with Sir John Hewett this afternoon. He leaves for Benares to-morrow morning.

CHARGE OF NEGLIGENCE.

Proceedings not according to Law.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 9.

This afternoon the Chief Justice disposed of the case in which Mr. Lea, Permanent Way Inspector, employed on the East Indian Railway, was charged with negligence and thereby causing the derailment of a goods train. The accused was in charge of a bridge under repair between Sainthia and Rampurhat and as he failed to put proper danger signals a goods train came in and the engine and some wagons fell into the river. The Chief Justice quashed the proceeding as it was not according to law.

UNDER the command of their leader, General Estrada, the Nicaraguan revolotionaries have captured the maritime town of Corinto.

A PROFIT of £9,550 was made by last year's Franco-British Exhibition, and two cheques for £4,775 have been sent to King Edward's Hospital Fund and the French Ambassador.

AN endeavour is being made by a German syndicate of steel manufacturers to come to an arrangement with the Congo Government for a practical monopoly for the supply of all material required for the Congo State Railways. Should the arrangement be carried through it would involve the absorption of several Belgian enterprises of some magnitude, but to this it is probable some opposition would be raised by other Governments, notably those of France and England, signatory to the Act of Berlin.

AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 9.

The report on the operations of the Department of Agriculture in 1908-09 says, that the most important question discussed during the visit of the Inspector-General, was the advisability of deferring the constitution of the Agricultural College. It has been recognised that the time is not yet ripe for such an institution in Burma, for while the general standard of vernacular education in the Province is remarkably good, the higher English qualifications which would be necessary for appreciation of the course of scientific instruction are very rare. It is improbable that students would be attracted simply by a desire for agricultural traning, and the attendance would be limited to those who were anxious to obtain employment in the Department. This being so, it seems more expedient to limit the work at the outset, to experiment on farms and the training of the Burmese field assistants. The next step will be a vernacular school to train actual cultivators. Later, with the general advance in education, the idea of a college may be revived. These views were submitted to the local Government and their orders deferring the constitution of the Agricultural College have been received.

CROPS IN BURMA.

Popularity of Groundnuts.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 9.

The popularity of groundnuts has continued to advance rapidly and the area under the crop for the year has been practically doubled, the total acreage being 248,477 against 142,051 in 1907-08. The premier place, both as regards the area under the crop and the rate of expansion, is once more taken by the Myingyan District with a total area of 116,128 acres and an increase of 42,940 acres over last year's figure, but remarkable progress has been made in Pakokku, where the area under groundnuts in 1908-09 was 30,584 acres, in Magwe where it was 58,843 acres and in Lower Chindwin, Meiktila and Sagaing Districts with acreages of 1,709 and 9,471 and 8,508 respectively. The large increase in Pakokku is due to the arrangements made to provide the seed through Government agency as agricultural advances which proved entirely successful. Notwithstanding the serious deficiency in the rainfall at the critical period, Colonel Cronin is making arrangements for a trial next year of the system of seed advances on an extensive scale in the Lower Chindwin District.

MORE DACOITIES IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 9.

Reports of two more dacoities reached Calcutta, one from Jessore and another from Alipore. So far no political complexion is given to these, but it is said that about a dozen young men armed with guns, swords and other deadly weapons, were assailants in the Jessore dacoity. There was a scuffle with the villagers and the dacoits fared badly, but decamped with a large booty. In the Alipore, dacoity which was committed not far from Belvedere, about Rs. 1,500 in cash and ornaments valued at Rs. 1,000 were taken away.

HOOGHLY PIRATE CHIEF ARRESTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 9.

Bani Sheik, the notorious Hooghly pirate chief, who so long evaded the Police, has been arrested at last. He was at the head of a powerful gang and every attempt to arrest him proved abortive. He has been made over to the Port Police for trial.

THE CALCUTTA HOUSING PROBLEM.

No Action at Present.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 9.

The correspondence has been published which passed between the Bengal Government and the Anglo-Indian Association, regarding the housing problem in Calcutta. In reply to the question of the formation of a Committee of experts to enquire into the whole question, the Bengal Government says that the Lieutenant-Governor "does not consider the present moment opportune for the appointment of such a Committee and for the present such action will be deferred."

SUKKUR SEDITION CASE.

Accused Committed to Sessions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, NOVEMBER 8.

The Sukkur sedition prosecution under section 124 A, Crown versus Virumal Begraj and others, has been committed by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate at Shikarpur to the Sessions Court for trial. The case is fixed for hearing at Sukkur on 14th December.

AVIATION IN INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 9.

For some time past Army Headquarters have been carefully watching the progress of aviation in Europe and, in fact, a scheme was placed before Lord Kitchener for the formation of a branch of the Aerial League in India, but His Lordship left the question open for his successor. Colonel Shore of the Division of the Chief of Staff is interesting himself in this affair and a junior officer is also experimenting with a machine in the plains.

FURTHER enquiry into the case against Joyce of the Burma Bank and the Cashier stands adjourned to 17th inst.

THE estimates for productive irrigation works for next year are the *Pioneer* understands, being prepared on the basis of 170 lakhs of rupees which is 20 lakhs more than last year.

THE *Punjabee* reports the death of Gulab Bano, the heroine of the famous case.

ALLEGED DEFAMATION OF MR. GOKHALE.

Poona Pleader Charged.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, NOVEMBER 9.

Mr. I. C. Swifte, District Magistrate and Collector, is at present engaged in hearing the case in which the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, C.I.E., charged Nilkunt Waman Bhide, a city Pleader, and Gondha Askar, printer and publisher of the *Samitra Sanaj*, in which it is alleged certain stanzas were caused to be published by the Pleader which were said to be defamation. The approaches to the Court were crowded with Brahmins, but the Police admitted only those who had any interest in the case. Mr. Baptista, Barrister, from Bombay with four local Pleaders from the city appeared for the defence and Mr. H. N. Apte, Peader, prosecuted. Before the case was taken up Mr. Apte intimated to the Court that Gondhalekar had tendered an apology to Mr. Gokhale and had offered to give Rs. 200 to the Hindu Widows' Home and a similar amount to the Depressed Classes Mission. These terms were accepted by Mr. Gokhale and the case against the second accused was withdrawn.

LATER.

The case against Bhide, the alleged writer of the stanzas complained of, was then proceeded with. In the course of his evidence, Mr. Gokhale stated that the stanzas were intended to mean that Tilak was Hamlet's father, that witness was Hamlet's uncle and that he (Mr. Gokhale) had intrigues with the British Government to bring about Tilak's ruin. The third and fifth stanzas charged him with boasting that he (witness) was able to hold the whole world in the hollow of his hand and was able to ruin anybody in the world. Mr. Gokhale added that the object of the accused in publishing the stanzas was to injure him in the estimation of the public by representing him as the person responsible for Tilak's trouble. It was an attempt to turn the current of popular feeling against him. Cross-examination was reserved.

THE AGA KHAN'S BIRTHDAY.

Celebration in Rangoon.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 9.

The anniversary of H. H. the Aga Khan was celebrated to-day by the members of the Rangoon Khoja Community. As a matter of fact the festivities started on Sunday night at the annual meeting of the communities' club at which 150 members were present. The report read showed the past year has been more successful. The usual ceremonies of presentation of flowers and sprinkling the guests were observed and the guests entertained to dinner. This morning a cablegram was despatched to the Aga Khan conveying the congratulations of the whole community in Burma. This evening there were further festivities and a number of guests were entertained.

In honour of the birthday of His Highness the Aga Khan, Sir Sultan Mahomed Shah, G.C.I.E., which occurred yesterday, the Khojas held festivities during the day. In the evening, a grand illumination was made at the Jamatkhana and the Aga Khan's Chawl, Kandy Mohalla, Jail Road, under the superintendence of Mr. Jafferbhoy Cassum Moosa, His Highness' estate manager, when music and pastimes of other descriptions were provided.

RANGOON RECLAMATION SCHEME.

Sites for Working Classes Provided.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, NOVEMBER 9.

The reclamation scheme provides for expenditure on works between 1908-09 and 1913-14 of one hundred and seven lakhs. These works are to be confined to four tracts, Lamadaw east. Rangoon, Theinbyu and Abo. which will, if the programme is adhered to, be fully reclaimed and equipped by the end of 1913-14. The equipment will include the provision of main drains, channels and outlets for carrying off storm water mains and sewage and air mains and of roads suitable for heavy traffic. Almost the whole of Theinbyu has been or will be laid out on sites suitable for occupation by the working classes in houses of their own while the strip of land already reclaimed in east Rangoon and lying along the south side of Lower Pazundaung Road which had been reserved for the erection of coolis barracks.

COUNCIL REFORM SCHEME.

Arrangements nearly Complete.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, NOVEMBER 9,

The Committee of Council on Reform Scheme is still sitting at Simla from day to day and meets again to-morrow, but it may now be taken as practically certain that a resolution will be published next Monday bringing the new arrangement into force; from that day the elections for Provincial Councils taking place as soon as practical thereafter and those for the Imperial Council as soon as the Provincial Councils have assembled.

NANGLA POLITICAL DACOITY.

Enquiry in Camera

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 9.

Further enquiry into the Nangla Political Dacoity case was taken up by the District Magistrate of Khulna at Circuit House. The enquiry is being conducted under the Crimes Act. No one except the Police were allowed to be present, even the Magistrate's clerk was not allowed to go in, a Police Sub-Inspector acting for him. The result of the enquiry will be known after the case comes before the High Court Special Tribunal.

FINAL orders relating to details of the Reform Act are expected to reach Simla to-day. It is understood that adequate provisions have been made in the regulations to deal with the elections by current practices.

PLAGUE is still raging at Palghat and Coimbatore. People are leaving the town daily. Anti-plague inoculation is proceeding vigorously.

VICEROY'S VISIT TO BOMBAY.

Reception Arrangements.

A Government notification issued yesterday gives the following details regarding the arrangements for receiving the Viceroy on his arrival in this city:—

His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord Minto, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E., Viceroy and Governor-General, accompanied by Her Excellency the Countess of Minto, is expected to arrive at the Victoria Terminus of the G. I. P. Railway in Bombay at 8-30 a.m. (Standard-Time) on Wednesday, the 17th November 1909, and will be received on arrival with all the honours due to the Viceroy of India.

On His Excellency alighting from the train a salute of 31 guns will be fired. A Guard of Honour with Band and Colours will be drawn up at the station, and the road from the station to the Money School will be lined by troops of the Garrison. A Guard of Honour with Band and Colours will be drawn up at Government House, Malabar Point.

His Excellency will be received at the station by His Excellency the Governor, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels, East Indies Squadron, the Chief Justice of Bombay, the Lord Bishop, the Members of Council, the General Officer Commanding Southern Army, the Judges of the High Court, the Chief Secretary Government, the General Officer Commanding 6th (Poona) Division, the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, the Commissioners of Revenue and Customs, the Additional Members of the Council of His Excellency the Governor for making Laws and Regulations, the Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, the Roman Catholic Archbishop, the Archdeacon of Bombay, the General Officer Commanding Bombay Brigade, the Secretaries to Government, the Heads of Departments, Civil and Military, the Collector of Bombay, the President of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay, the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, the Naval Officers Commanding any of His Majesty's Ships in harbour (if able to attend on shore), Officers Commanding R. I. M. Ships in Harbour, Military Officers Commanding Regiments, the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, and the Sheriff of Bombay, or by such of the above high officials as are then in the Presidency Town. A space marked "A" will be reserved for them.

The Consular Representative of Foreign Governments are invited to be present on the occasion and a space marked "B" will be reserved for them. Native Chiefs who may be in Bombay are also invited to attend, and a special space will be reserved for them. All other officers of His Majesty's Services, Civil, Naval, Military and the Royal Indian Marine and Officers belonging to Corps of Volunteers, then in Bombay, and not otherwise on duty, are desired to attend, and will be accommodated as far as space is available in block "D."

The Public Works Department should be requested to issue instructions for the necessary arrangements being made at the Railway Station for His Excellency's arrival and for the adequate provision of space for those invited or desired to attend. The issue of tickets to the officials, and, on application, to Native Chiefs and the officials, will be arranged by the Executive Engineer, Presidency. A limited space marked "E" and "F" will also be provided in the station of the accomodation of other ladies and gentlemen who may wish to be present, to which admission will also be by tickets issued, on application, by the Executive Engineer, Presidency.

His Excellency will proceed to Government House, Malabar Point (through the lower gate), escorted by His Excellency's Body Guard and the Bombay Light Horse via Cruickshank Road, Kalbadevi Road, Parel Road, Grant Road, new Gamdevi Road, Chaupati, and Walkeshwar Road. No procession of carriages will be formed. The Commissioner of Police will maintain order and keep the streets clear.

Full dress will be worn by all officers of Government entitled to wear uniform and morning dress by all others.

THE VICEROY AT GWALIOR.

Successful Military Sports.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

GWALIOR, Nov. 9.

After a quiet morning Their Excellencies witnessed some military sports performed by the State troops. The first item on the programme was a display of semaphore signalling to music, followed by an Indian club exercise. Both these were admirably executed. Then took place a musical ride in which all the performers represented different periods of dress in the history of Gwalior. After this there was a most realistic sham fight which ended in the capture and blowing up of a fort. All the troops were then formed up and marched past the Viceroy. It now being dark the spectators were treated to a most beautiful torchlight tattoo by about 10 companies of infantry. The figures for this had been carefully arranged with a view to affording the most picturesque effect and excited general admiration. Their Excellencies warmly congratulated the Maharaja on the success of the sports. The Viceregal Party leave this evening at 10-30 o'clock.

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY.

Quiet Celebration.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, NOVEMBER 9.

To day there was no ceremony on account of the Emperor's birthday; no officers were closed, only a few flags and the Union Jack were hoisted in some European business firms and the vessels on the river.

At Murshidabad the Nawab's household troops paraded with bands playing the National Anthem and salute guns were fired from the old fort. Further ceremonies are being reserved till June when the Birthday will be officially observed in India.

TUESDAY AS THE KING'S BIRTHDAY.

Its Frequent Recurrence.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Astrologers ought to be expert calculators. But the calculation given in the very forefront of Mr. A. M. Jacob's "New Horoscope" of our King is so evidently wrong that little confidence is likely to be inspired in his skill in casting nativities. He says: "Our beloved Sovereign was born on 9th November, 1841, which was a Tuesday, and as the same day recurs on the same date in the Calendar only every 34th year, to-day is the second occasion in the life of His Majesty that the day and date correspond with the date and day on which he was born, the first occasion having been in 1875, thus 1841 plus 34=1875 plus 34=1909." I really do not know how Mr. Jacob arrived at this conclusion, for it is against the calculations of our Calendar. To-day, 9th November, 1909, is by no means the *second* occasion, as he says, in the life of our King "when the day and date correspond with the date and day on which he was born." It is the *sixth* occasion on which the day and date of the King's birth do so correspond. The first occasion when the King's birthday fell on a Tuesday—the real day of his birth in 1841—was in 1847 and not, as stated by Mr. Jacob, in 1875. The second occasion was in 1852; the third in 1858, the fourth in 1869, the fifth in 1875, the sixth in 1880, the seventh in 1886, the eighth in 1897 and the ninth in the present year 1909. The next occasion when his birthday will fall on Tuesday will be in 1915. All this is of course a mere trifle; but Mr. Jacob evidently does not think so. Hence it is as well to point out that Tuesday, the day of Mars the planet, under whose special influence the King is said to be born, has recurred very often before now as His Majesty's birthday.—Yours, etc.,

R. P. KARKARIA.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

A NOTORIOUS DACOIT.

Conviction and Sentence Confirmed.

Before Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and Mr. Justice Heaton.

EMPERATOR VS. BABU HANNANTA AND OTHERS.

For the Crown: The Government Pleader.

Their Lordships have disposed of the appeals from a decision of Mr. A. L. Harve, who, in August last, convicted the accused of dacoity and sentenced the first to one year's rigorous imprisonment and the others to five and seven years rigorous imprisonment respectively.

In this case six accused were charged with dacoity. This was another of the series of dacoity cases committed for trial at the sessions from the Sangola Taluka, which was invaded at the commencement of the present year by a notorious outlaw from the Miraj State, named Nana Masal, with a small band of armed followers. The dacoits were in the habit of selecting as their victims petty money-lenders to whom the villagers owed money. Thus Nana was able to enlist many of the villagers to his side and the terror inspired by his reputation prevented any complaints being lodged against him until he had finally left the district. Even the village officers and constables, in some cases, actually assisted him and in others neither attempted to interfere with him or made any report to their superior officers, although they were well aware that crimes of violence were being daily committed by Nana and his followers in the village under their charge. A number of village officers had since been prosecuted and three constables dismissed from service. The first accused was the Police Patel and the second, the ramoose of the village of Chinchale, and the other accused were the followers of Nana Masal. Accused Nos. 4, 5 and 6 are residents of Miraj and they accompanied Nana when he made his second raid on the British territory. Complainant Daulata was the money-lender of the village. Nana, with some of the accused, marched to the village on the 16th of February last and halted in the field of the patel, the first accused. The villagers were sent for and several of them were forced to pay money to Nana. Nana demanded Rs. 50 from the complainant and threatened to cut off his hands if he did not pay. Nana ultimately agreed to receive Rs. 25. The next day the complainant's son was sent for and Nana demanded from him Rs. 100 for the settlement of a dispute which as the complainant's son had with one Laxman. Maruti the complainant's son) went home and consulted his father when it was resolved to resist the demand. At midnight Maruti and his father were brought to the field where they were threatened and they paid him Rs. 225. Nana then left the village telling them that if they lodged any complaint he would kill them. In the course of investigation and acting on the information received, accused Nos. 4 to 6 were arrested by the Miraj authorities. The other accused were also arrested in connection with other robberies. The Sessions Judge convicted all the accused and sentenced them to various terms of imprisonment, from which the first three accused had appealed.

Their Lordships confirmed the convictions and sentences and dismissed the appeals.

MORTGAGE OF WATSON'S HOTEL.

Appointment of a Receiver.

Before Mr. Justice Davar.

RAJA BAHADUR NARSINGIRJI VS. SYED SARDAR ALI KHAN AND OTHERS.

For the Plaintiff:—Mr. E. B. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Thakurdass and Co.

For the first Defendant:—Mr. M. A. Jinnah, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co.

For the second Defendant:—The Hon'ble the Advocate General, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Brown and Co.

This was a motion for the appointment of a receiver for the Watson's Hotel and Watson's Hotel Annexe.

Mr. Jinnah agreed to the terms of the notice of motion provided an officer of the Court was appointed.

Mr. Raikes suggested the name of Mr. Limji Bansji.

Mr. Jinnah objected to the appointment of Mr. Bansji and observed that his attorneys had settled terms with Mr. E. D. Sethna.

Mr. Justice Davar: Mr. Sethna is very busy at present. He is the liquidator of three mills.

Mr. Raikes submitted that the gentleman who was not much occupied at the present time would be a better man.

Mr. Justice Davar: Will Mr. Limji agree to the same terms.

The Advocate-General: Mr. Limji will agree to the same terms that have been offered to Mr. Sethna.

The Advocate-General then moved on behalf of his client that he should be given liberty to enter the hotel premises, take charge of the furniture and carry on the sale of the same as it would suit him.

He said that his client was the mortgagee of the moveables and had a second charge on the hotel. No interest had been paid to him as well as to Mr. Raike's client, and therefore his client's charge on the hotel was rapidly getting diminished every day. He submitted that moveables must be sold before the immoveable property was ascertained.

Mr. Setalwad here appeared on behalf of Padshaw Begum, who has filed a suit against Raja Bahadur Narsingirji and others disputing the validity of the mortgages. He said that a receiver should be appointed in the suit and all the properties be ordered to be sold. He was indifferent as to who was appointed receiver.

Mr. Bahadurji, who appeared for defendants Nos. 3 and 8 in that suit, supported Mr. Setalwad.

Mr. Raikes said that he had nothing to do with Mr. Setalwad's client. He said that the same receiver would be able to manage the immoveables as well as the moveables.

The further hearing was adjourned.

SHORT CAUSE.

On the Original Side yesterday, Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of a suit filed by Bai Monghi, widow of one Ranchoredass, against Narandas Tulsidass and another, who are doing business as Muccadams, to recover Rs. 5,000 lent on 4th April 1908. Mr. S. S. Rangekar, instructed by Messrs. Raghuviyya, Bhimji and Nagindas, appeared for the plaintiff. After recording evidence, His Lordship passed a decree for the amount with 9 per cent, and costs.

POLICE NEWS.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

ESPLANADE.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

A CHANCE OF REFORMING HIMSELF.

His Worship disposed of the case, in which Rama Kondaji, a Hindu lad, was charged with stealing Rs. 8-6-0, belonging to a Mahomedan woman named Laibi, who is on a pilgrimage to Mecca. It appeared from the evidence that while the complainant was walking along Parsi Gully, she felt a jerk at her clothing. On turning round she saw the accused near her, and seized him. While he was struggling to get free the saw her bag of money in his hand. The accused managed to free himself and handed the bag of money to another man. The accused was chased and caught, and handed over to the police. He now pleaded guilty, and admitted a previous conviction. His Worship, disposing of the case, remarked that he would give the accused one more chance of reforming himself, and ordered him to be sent to the David Sassoon Reformatory for a year.

THEFT OF BANGLES.

One Maneklal Jeyram charged his brother-in-law, Mahadeolal with the theft of a pair of gold bangles, a gold chain, a pair of spectacles and a watch, of the collective value of Rs. 296. The case for the prosecution was that the accused, who was staying in the same house as the complainant, stole the property and absconded with it. A search was made and he was subsequently arrested at Thakurdwar, and the property was recovered. The accused was convicted and sentenced to two months simple imprisonment.

MAZAGON.

Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate.

RIOTOUS MILL-HANDS.

Superintendent Priestley charged Mahadu and four other mill-hands with causing hurt to Sadakia Bhagu by striking him on the head with a bobbin.

The complaint was that about 350 operatives of the ring-frame department of the Finley Mill, Parel, struck work on Thursday last. For two successive days the manager tried to induce them to return but did not succeed. Forty new men were employed and the mill was started. The old hands then begged to be forgiven and expressed their willingness to resume work. As soon as they entered the premises, they began throwing bobbins and spindles at the new men. They behaved in such a riotous manner that the police were called in. The five accused who were the ring-leaders were arrested. His Worship convicted and sentenced the first two to one month's rigorous imprisonment and the three others, who were boys, to receive eight stripes each.

HONORARY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

GIRGAON.

Before Mr. Rao Bahadur R. S. Jayakar (Chairman,) and Mr. J. B. Petit.

ASSAULT.

Their Worships disposed of 19 cases yesterday, including one in which two Mahomedans were charged with assault. The accused were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 25, or, in default to undergo 21 days' rigorous imprisonment each. They were further ordered to be bound over in the sum of Rs. 50 to keep the peace.

DADAR.

Before Messrs. V. S. Joshi (Chairman). and Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy.

ILL-TREATING ANIMALS.

Their Worships disposed of a number of cases, some of which were against bullock-cart drivers for ill-treating animals.

INDIANS IN THE TRANSVAAL.

The following letters have been received by Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim in reply to the resolution recently passed at the Town Hall meeting:—

16, Downing Street, Whitehall, S. W. 11th October.

Sir,—I am desired by the Prime Minister to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 24th ultimo, enclosing a copy of resolutions passed at a Public Meeting of the Citizens of Bombay, relative to the treatment of the Indians in the Transvaal.—Yours faithfully,

(Sd.) R. S. MEIKLEJOHN.

India Office, Whitehall, London, S. W., 22nd October.

Sir,—I am directed by the Secretary of State for India in Council to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 24th September, with which was enclosed a copy of the resolutions passed at a Public Meeting, held at Bombay on the 14th September. The subject of the resolution is receiving His Lordship's careful consideration.—I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

(Sd.) COLLIN CAMPBELL.

Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

Opening of the Season, 1909-10.

The following Races will be sailed on Saturday, 13th November:—

(A) Class: Start at 3-30 p.m.—Committee vessel to Sunk Rock leaving it to Port, thence to Tucker Beacon leaving it to Starboard, thence to North Karanja Buoy leaving it to Starboard, thence to Committee vessel. Distance 8-52 miles.

(B) Class: Start at 3-50 p.m.—Committee vessel to Sunk Rock leaving it to Port, thence to Mark Buoy leaving it to Port, thence to Committee vessel. Distance 6-92 miles.

(C) Class: Start at 3-40 p.m.—Committee vessel to Tucker Beacon leaving it to Starboard, thence to N Karanja Buoy leaving it to Starboard, thence to Committee vessel, thence to Middle Ground Buoy, leaving it to Starboard, thence to South Trooping Buoy, leaving it to Starboard and thence to Committee vessel. Distance 7-12 miles.

Ships Boat Race, Service Rig: Start at 3-15 p.m. —Committee vessel to P. and O. B Buoy, leaving it to Starboard, thence to Tucker Beacon, leaving it to Starboard, thence to North Karanja Buoy leaving it to Starboard and thence to Committee vessel. Distance 6-15 miles.

BADHAM PILE & CO.

An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held yesterday evening at the registered office of the Company, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, Mr. L. Crawford presided, when the following special resolution was passed:—

That the articles of association of the Company be altered as follows:—

By inserting after article 47 the following article to be numbered 47A, viz.,

47A—The Company may from time to time by Special resolution reduce the capital of the Company in any manner for the timebeing authorised by law.

THE newly formed Empire Press Union is to have as its Secretary Mr. W. H. Marston, while Mr. Harry Britain, the invaluable Honorary Secretary of the Press Conference of last summer, will continue to give his services in the same capacity to the Press Union, at any rate while any organising remains to be done, and until the constitution is in full working order.

GOUT.

6 YEARS CURED.

Mr. James Vick, of Avon Cottage, Batheaston near Bath, England, is well known and highly respected. He writes: "Dear Sirs,—You will remember that about three years ago I called to thank you personally for the good Doan's Backache Kidney Pills had done me. It is now nearly six years since I commenced taking Doan's Pills, and I have never had an attack of the kidney complaint from that time, although I still take a pill now and then as a safeguard, which keeps me all right.

"But for many years I suffered terribly from severe attacks of gout two or three times during each year. Since taking Doan's Backache Kidney Pills I have been entirely free from the gout, and have not suffered as I used to from the severe pains in my back. I surprise all my friends by the good health I enjoy, and I feel better now than I did forty years ago: that is saying good deal, for I am 79 years of age. My friends say I am a wonderful man to do what I do.

"I only hope my testimony will be of help to others. Yours very truly, (Signed) James Vick."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 bottles for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

THE SHAKESPEARE DISCOVERIES.

Important Legal Documents Found.

It is the favourite superstition of those ingenious persons who refuse to believe in the existence of Shakespeare that nothing is known of his life or adventures. No evidence that has been or can be produced will satisfy their inquiring spirits. They are certain that there was a vast conspiracy in the seventeenth century to filch the glory of a poet and to present it, a free gift, to an indifferent actor who did not know how to spell his own name. The admirable gossip which early enriched his memory is as nothing to them. The tributes which Ben Jonson paid him in prose and verse they pass by contemptuously as part of the plot. They are convinced that Hemynge and Condell, the admiring editors of the First Folio, were bribed to create a false impression. The poet's will, discovered in 1747, is for them a clear proof of a mean, unlettered spirit, and it is unlikely that the documents recently brought to light by Dr. C. W. Wallace, published in "The Times," will persuade them to mitigate by a jot their arrogant incredulity. But for all that, those who do not believe that the plays of Shakespeare were written, if not by Bacon, by another man of the same name, will acknowledge that Dr. Wallace's discovery is by far the most important that has been made in the field of literary history for many a long year.

THE CASE OF MRS. OSTEBER.

Legal documents cannot lie. They provide no margin for fancy or falsehood. The facts with which they provide the historian are undeniged. They tell the truth as it were by accident. And herein lies the peculiar value of the fresh evidence which Dr. Wallace has found. It was not prepared for the eye of the critic but by the legal advisers of Thomasina Osteler, a young widow and the daughter of John Hemynge, Shakespeare's friend and editor. In form and style it is as simple as legal Latin will permit it to be, though for its proper understanding we must trace back for some years the history of Thomasina. In 1611, then Hemynge's daughter married William Osteler, a famous actor. Three years later Osteler died and left to his wife certain shares in the Globe and Blackfriars Theatres. The leases for these shares Thomasina handed over to her father to be held in trust for her. But presently differences arose between father and daughter. The young widow doubtless rebelled against the restraint of her father's house. She formed an attachment for young Walter Raleigh, the son of the great Sir Walter, whom, when her love turned to hate, she sued for insult and slander. The father, may be to enforce his parental control, refused to give up the shares, and Thomasina brought a suit against her father in Chancery. This case was settled out of court, but another dispute speedily followed, and, as Dr. Wallace says, "Thomasina had a Latin bill drawn up, apparently a translation in part of her unfiled English bill of Chancery, and arrested her father for trespass, at the Common Law." Is this translation the substances of which Dr. Wallace has given in "The Times," and which throws a fresh light upon the history of William Shakespeare and the English theatre.

SHAKESPEARE AND HIS THEATRES.

The document is of peculiar importance because Thomasina's attorney, that he might establish her case, was compelled to retrace the history of the shares which she claimed and to carry back the attention of the court to the very beginnings of the Globe and Blackriars Theatres. At every step of the argument we find the name of William Shakespeare associated with the names of Hemynge and Condell. That the author of "Hamlet" was already esteemed a man of some consequence is suggested by the fact that he is mentioned first after Burbage. We know now beyond dispute that he owned, until his death, a fourteenth share in the Globe and a seventh share in the Blackfriars Theatre. It may be supposed that his income was £600 a year, or thereabouts, and that he played an important part not merely on the stage, but in the management of the playhouses. He was, in a sense, an actor-manager. He wrote, he acted, he took his dividends, and though his fourteenth or his seventh did not entitle him to reserve all the best parts for himself there can be no doubt that he yielded to none save Burbage in dignity and influence.

Among many mysteries which Dr. Wallace's discovery will pierce is the mystery of the Globe Theatre. It has been generally believed that this, the greatest of all our playhouses, stood upon the site now covered by Barclay and Perkins Brewery. We know now that it did nothing of the sort. It was indeed, on the other side of the road. It lay between Maiden-lane—now called Park-street—and the Bankside, and the recording monument whose unveiling is announced proves rather the zeal of its donors than their accuracy.

Nor is the supposed site of the Globe the only mistake which stands in need of correction. With Dr. Wallace's aid we shall be able to put an accurate date to several illustrious plays. Osteler. Thomasina's husband, died in 1614, and as he took part in Webster's "Duchess of Malfi" and Beaumont and Fletcher's "Boadicea" and "Valentinian" these masterpieces must be put back to an earlier date than has hitherto been assigned to them.

THE REAL PROBLEM SOLVED.

Such are some of the questions posed long since. that Dr. Wallace's newly discovered documents will answer. And they will help to solve a far more difficult problem—the problem of Shakespeare's life. Here is his name in a legal document of vast importance. Here he is seen side by side with Hemynge and Condell, the devoted friends who after his death corrected the First Folio for the press. Readers will remember that they took a modest view of the duty which they had discharged. We have but collected his plays, they write, "and done an office to the dead to procure his orphans guardians, without an ambition otherwise of self-profit, only to keep the memory of so worthy a friend and fellow alive, as was our Shakespeare by humble offer of his plays." Yet, if they worked without ambition of self-profit, their loyalty entitles them to a share in the poet's immortality. The First Folio, the monument of their friendly care, remains the authentic text of Shakespeare. Their task was rendered easier by the dramatist's lucidity. Though they regret that his own eyes did not revise the text, they also bear tribute to the fact that Shakespeare scarce blotted a line. They were too zealous of their companion's honour to wish with Ben Jonson that he had blotted a thousand. But they knew him and acted with him for many years; they held shares in the same companies with him; they edited his masterpieces with an intelligence and an accuracy which will make them ever memorable. And they are entitled to our perfect faith when they state the plain and obvious fact that William Shakespeare wrote William Shakespeare's plays. It might appear superfluous to make so simple a statement, had not the very glamour of Shakespeare's name persuaded some rash personages to pretend that only a pedant could have composed the splendid works of the greatest of modern dramatists.

REVEALING SHAKESPEARE'S LIFE.

The popular superstition to which I have already referred that we know nothing of Shakespeare should be dispelled by Dr. Wallace's discovery. The fact is that there are few of Shakespeare's contemporaries of whom we know as much as we know of Shakespeare. Webster and Tourneur, to take but two instances, are names and nothing more. Shakespeare, the swan of Avon, whom Ben Jonson worshipped this side idolatry as much as anyone, is revealed to us as man of affairs, the partner of friends who did their best to serve his memory, a shareholder for many years in the two great theatres of his time. The Baconian and the sceptic will remain unconvinced. Even if a vision were sent from heaven of Shakespeare inditing with his own hand the soliloquy of Hamlet they would still suspect a fraud. For the others who do not indulge the particular fanaticism Dr. Wallace's discovery will prove of an enduring interest and a present hope that other discoveries of equal value and curiosity will follow.—CHARLES WISLEY in the "Daily Mail."

WAVERLEY PENS.

For swift easy writing no Pen can compete with the Waverley. Its turned-up point is so rounded and polished as to write with enticing smoothness and speed. Its qualties are so unique and its efficiency so great that it is recognised everywhere as the "Boon and Blessing"—the world's favourite pen. Beware of imitations.

Six Annas per box.

Sold by all Stationers and Dealers.

THE COUNTESS OF CARDIGAN'S RECOLLECTIONS.

In some circles this remarkable book is considered a bombshell. Talk of reprisals against the writer was heard on all sides. Lady Cardigan retired to the country to enjoy the sensation she had caused. Nothing was discussed but these "recollections," and the book sold as books rarely sell nowadays.

Book shops were raided for the volume, and the stock soon depleted. The publisher, Mr. Eveleigh Nash, sold the first edition out. The libraries were besieged by eager throngs clamouring for the entertaining volume.

We print below a few of the milder extracts from the book.

No one is immune from this gossiper, who has seen and heard the life of Courts and high society for more than eighty years. The paternity of George IV. is a matter of discussion with her, and the matrimonial relations of many a famous couple are dissected under a light which is even more powerful than the Finsen.

The maiden name of the Countess was de Horsey. She was a friend of the Great Duke, and went to a children's party at the Palace, where she fell asleep in the pet armchair of William IV.

She went to a gipsy once, who predicted for her a widower as husband, a second marriage, and a long life. She says:—

"The prediction came true, for Lord Cardigan was a widower, and nearly all the men who proposed to me were widowers! I was asked in marriage by Lord Sherborne, a widower with ten children, by the Duke of Leeds, who was a widower with eleven children, and by Christopher Maunsell Talbot, once father of the House of Commons, also a widower with four children. Prince Soltykoff, the Duke of St. Albans, Harry Howard, and Disraeli were other widowers who proposed to me so I suppose I must have had some fascination for bereaved husbands."

Lord Cardigan who led the Light Brigade at Balaclava was married to a wife from whom he was separated, but he was a great friend of Miss de Horsey. Here is the story of the arrangement of their marriage as Lady Cardigan tells it:—

"On the morning of July 12, 1858, I was awakened by a loud knocking at the front door. I looked at my watch, and saw that it was not seven o'clock. . . . It was Lord Cardigan! I had just time to slip on a dressing gown before he came into my room, sans ceremonie, and, taking me in his arms, he said, "My dearest, she's dead. . . . Let's get married at once."

The story of a proposal from Disraeli, Earl of Beaconsfield, and the fate it met with can only be told in her own words. She says:—

"My hunting recollections would not be complete without including among them the occasion in '73 when I went to a meet at Belvoir, and met his Majesty King Edward VII., then Prince of Wales, who was staying at the castle." I was riding my famous horse Dandy who won the Billesdon Coplow Stakes at Croxton Park, and that morning I was much exercised in my mind about a proposal of marriage I had just received from Disraeli.

My uncle, Admiral Rous, had said to me: 'My dear you can't marry that d—d old Jew,' but I had known Disraeli all my life, and I liked him very well.

He had, however, one drawback as far as I was concerned, and that was his breath—the ill odour of politics, perhaps!

In ancient Rome a wife could divorce her husband if his breath were unpleasant and had Dizzy lived in those days his wife would have been able to divorce him without any difficulty. I was wondering whether I could possibly put up with this unfortunate attribute in a great man when I met the King, who was graciously pleased to ride with me. In the course of our conversation I told him about Disraeli's proposal, and asked him whether he would advise me to accept it, but the King said he did not think the marriage would be a happy one for me.

I lunched with the royal party at Belvoir Castle, and as I rode home afterwards I felt well pleased that I had decided not to become the wife of a politician."

Here is a grim story of the death of Lady Ward, who as Constance de Burgh had been a famous beauty:—

"On the evening of the day before her burial Lord Colville came to see Lord Ward. They talked for some time, and then the widower suddenly turned to his friend.

"Colville, you admired my wife?"

"Yes," replied Lord Colville, "I did."

"Well, come and look your last on her," said Lord Ward, and lighting a candle he led the way upstairs.

The room was full of shadows, and the flickering light fell on the lovely face of the dead woman. Silently Lord Colville stood by her, and his heart ached when he thought of her fate. Ward was watching him attentively.

"Still admiring my wife? Well, she was a pretty woman—but—you'd never credit she had such, bad teeth." He put down the candle on a table as he spoke and raised his wife's head from the pillow.

With cold deliberation he wrenched the jaws apart. "I always told you she had bad teeth," he repeated. "Look here, man." But Lord Colville had hurriedly left the room.

He told me afterwards it was the most ghastly sight he had ever seen.

In lighter vein is a story of the grandfather of the present Duke of Westminster, who, notwithstanding his great wealth, had the reputation of being rather mean:—

A story was told about his once looking at a pair of trousers his valet was wearing and saying: 'These are very good trousers. Did I give them to you?' "Yes, my lord." "Well, here's a shilling for you," said the stingy nobleman. "I'll have them back again."

There is more than a suggestion of acid in the following anecdote:—

The Ailesburys visited us at Cowes for several seasons, and then, as they liked the place, they took a house every summer. Although Lady A. was considered a beauty she was excessively thin, and her scrawniness was the source of a joke some years later.

She was devoted to Lord Wilton, but one day she went on board Lord Cardigan's yacht, which was lying off Calshot, and stayed the night before returning to Cowes. Lord Wilton, who was furious about it, made quite an unnecessary scene with Cardigan, and some kind friend said that after all it was only a case of two dogs fighting over a bone.

Poor Lady A.! She was scraggy, but to be called a "bone" must have greatly annoyed her, if the remark ever reached her ears, and I am sure it did!

Lady Cardigan tells a delightful anecdote of her uncle, Admiral Rous, the famous racing man:—

Mrs. Rous was very dictatorial, and I remember one day after her death calling to inquire how my uncle was. "Indeed, my lady," said the servant, "I may say the Admiral is a deal better since Mrs. Rous' death." I believe the same answer was given to all callers.

Lord de Ros was a great gambler who lived for a long time under the suspicion of cheating at cards, and was found out eventually. Society cut him, and when he died soon afterwards the following epitaph was suggested:—

"Here lies Lord de Ros, wating for the last trump."

Lady Cardigan tells a tale of Frances Lady Waldegrave, the daughter of Braham, the tenor, who married four husbands:—

The one love of her life was Mr. Chichester Fortescue, and she married him as her fourth husband in 1871. Mr. Fortescue was afterwards Lord Carlingford, but the title became extinct in 1898.

When Lady Waldegrave was a young girl a gipsy told her that she would be married four times and leave her fourth husband a widower. The prediction came true, for she died in 1879, and Mr. Fortescue survived her.

She possessed a keen sense of humour, and one evening when she was at the Dublin theatre with Mr. Fortescue a wag in the gallery who recognised her called out: "Arrah, my lady, which of the four husbands did ye like the best?" Without a moment's hesitation Lady Waldegrave stood up, and turning in the direction of the speaker called out with delightful sangfroid, "Why, the Irish one of course."

Lady Cardigan's second husband was the Comte de Lancastre, who derived his half English title from his descent from John of Gaunt. One result of the marriage was a discontinuance of the favour of Queen Victoria, who not only disapproved of second marriages in general, but it is said, resented the use by a subject of the title of Lancastre, so similar to her own Continental incognito.—"Combridge's Literary Review."

COUNT TOLSTOI'S health is causing anxiety to his friends. On his recent arrival at Oscow Station he received an enthusiastic welcome, but on reaching his house at Taluka he fainted, and was unconscious for ten minutes.

MR. CHURCHILL AT DUNDEE.

MR. CHURCHILL, M.P., on October 18, addressed a meeting of the Dundee Women's Liberal Association. He discussed the Budget, which he described as the first coherent attempt to organise social legislation for the benefit of the masses. Speaking at a meeting of the Dundee Liberal Association in the evening, he declared that the Budget focussed all the great issues of Liberal politics and aspirations.

In reply to a deputation of the Dundee branch of the Women's Freedom League who waited on him, Mr. Churchill said that so far as things had altered within the last four years, they had altered to the disadvantage of the Suffragist cause. What the Suffragist had to do was to convert a substantial majority of this great sober-minded community of nearly 40,000,000. The frenzy of the few was not a substitute for the earnest conviction of millions. While the tactics of silly disorder and petty violence continued there was not the slightest chance of any Government or any House of Commons giving them reforms. So long as they continued their present tactics he could not assist them.

Mr. Churchill concluded his visit to his constituency on the 19th with a speech in the Kinnaird Hall. There were about 3,000 men present, women being excluded. Mr. Churchill, who was warmly received, said that any one looking back over the last four years had no reason to feel ashamed of the record of His Majesty's Government. All classes of their great community had benefited. The trade unionist as he surveyed his organisation freed from the injury done it by previous judical decisions, the miner whose cage brought him to the surface of the ground after eight hours of labour—(cheers)—the aged pensioner when he went to the post offices to draw his weekly pension—(cheers)—the Irish Catholic who saw the ranges of a University career thrown open to his sons, the child who was protected in the street and in his home, the peasant who found it easier to acquire a small parcel of land which he needed for his individual exertions, the youthful offender in prison and saved from the prison—(cheers)—the citizen who took seat on the County Bench not debarred by a property qualification, the servant who was injured in domestic service—all those bore witness to the workings of an active and tireless humanitarian effort. (Cheers.)

Discussing the Labour Exchanges Act he said that no doubt it would work slowly at first and would have the usual infantile troubles—(laughter)—but he predicted that twenty years hence they would as soon think of dispensing with the system of labour exchanges as of cutting the telegraph wires or pulling up the railway lines. (Laughter and cheers.) As for Poor Law reform the Government had yet to rescue the children from the workhouse—(cheers)—and had to discriminate between the worker really looking for work and the loafer looking for a tip, and to transfer the sick and feeble-minded to the proper authorities concerned. He was told that these schemes would weaken the self-reliance of the British people. Rich people always talked about the importance of self-reliance, it was also very foolish, because, after all, rich people were the least self-reliant of any class in the community. Nothing in their plans would weaken self-reliance in the masses of the people. Their plan would have the effect of strengthening enormously self-reliance and thrift because it would make these qualities assured of their proper award. All these things depended on the Budget. After the Budget was passed the rest would be mere administration and careful scientific arrangement. (Cheers.) What was the alternative to the Budget? He had no hesitation in asserting that the Conservative Party intended if they obtained a majority to impose a complete protective tariff and to raise money for jingo armaments and ambitious schemes of colonial adventure by the taxation of the poor. (Hear, hear.) However it might be disguised and veiled, the tariff reform proposal of the Conservative Party amounted to nothing else than a deliberate attempt on the part of important sections of the propertied classes to transfer their existing burdens to the masses, to gain greater profits for the investment of their capital through charging higher price for their manufactures and for their agricultural products. (Hear, hear.) Their account with the Lords was a long and heavy one, and he declined to judge the House of Lords only by the course which they might take in regard to the Finance Bill. The custom of 300 years forbade the intrusion of the House of Lords upon money Bills. There could be no doubt whatever about the past, neither could there be any doubt about the action of the Liberal Party and the Liberal Government. He would tell them in three words what that action would be—"Full steam ahead." (Cheers.) They sought no parley, they offered no compromise, they would make no bargain. Let them stand aside. (Cheers.)

LABOUR EXCHANGES.

NEW GERMAN DEVELOPMENT.

Now that labour exchanges are being established in England modelled on German lines, writes a correspondent of the "Standard," it is interesting to know that Germany is going a step further, and is specialising her labour exchanges. The latest development is the establishment in Westphalia of a special labour exchange for the exclusive use of the mining industries; this specialised mining labour exchange will be established and managed by the Mining Association of Westphalia at Essen. The chief labour exchange office will be at Essen and about 20 sub-divisional offices are to be established in various parts of Westphalia.

The undertaking has the support of all the large and small mining companies throughout the province, which have become patrons and members of this new exchange, and none of these will engage men in the province except through the exchange. Every miner will have to be in possession of duly authenticated exchange papers, which will specify his qualifications. Most of the miners are engaged by contract, and contracts are frequently broken, the men deserting their work and seeking fresh work at other mines. The new labour exchange will counteract all this, and will prevent men from breaking contracts so easily. In future men thus offending will be unable to get fresh work for 14 days.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	3
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	1	1	16
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswad Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	8	0	19
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalumi	0	0	2
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	1	17
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	2
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	5
Water Division	0	0	0
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	7
Total	1	2	75
This day last year	3	1	88

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

November 9th 1909.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	36	41	1
B	196	151	8
C	167	38	1
D	112	29	0
E	136	59	0
F	110	19	0
G	36	5	0
Total to date	843	342	10
Total rats killed			1,185

THE wedding will take place of Mr. H. A. FitzSmith, of Besborough, Balrath co, Meath, and Kathleen, elder daughter of the late Lieut.-Col. J. O. Travers, Leicestershire Regt., and Mrs Collingwood Denny, and granddaughter of the late Major-Gen. Sir Henry Marion Durand, R. E., K.C.S.I.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

WHERE WOMAN DIFFERS.

"Woman is the complement of man"—so we are always being assured. But is this really true? If a woman is the "finish," so to speak, of a man's being, how is it that in these days at least she is so often at war against him? When one sees so many really clever and broad-minded women taking up arms in this campaign of the sexes one seeks for the real reason. My own humble opinion, writes a London correspondent is that this attitude of opposition is due largely to outside influences. The impulses—or shall we say the convictions?—do not emanate from within, but are brought about from without. And this, I believe, is so because, unlike a man, no woman is really self-sufficient.

NOT SELF-SUFFICIENT.

We women may often possess great ability, our intellectual powers may, on occasion, surpass those of men, but our staying power is limited. We cannot "last out." We are bad "stayers" because, set; it easily jangles and becomes out of tune. But there is also another reason. A woman always throws all her energy and power into the existing interest. She is only really happy when for the time she is absolutely absorbed. This absorption, of course, takes different forms, from a cat to a new cult of though. But whatever form it takes, the reason for it remains the same. Woman is not self-sufficient. Nature has not made her so. A woman has little sense of limit. Nothing will stop her, and no venture can be too great for her to dare. A man pauses to weigh the pros and cons (that's why he is so dull at times). A woman is rarely dull. She is too unexpected.

EXHAUSTED ENERGY.

Woman, having found an interest, exhausts all her nervous energy in riding it to death, comes to a sudden stop, and—finds another. None of this, however, proves lack of intellect on a woman's part. It is from lack of discretion in using her powers, not from lack of intellect, that she suffers. A man's intellectual ability serves him better than a woman's and that is why he is often credited with a greater intellect than he really possesses. A few years ago a book, written by a woman, was unanimously pronounced by expert opinion to be one of the few really great literary productions of this last half-century. Since then this woman has written other books, but it seems almost incredible—if it were not the fact—that she can be their author. But it was not her brain power that had failed her—it was her staying power.

HEAD RULED BY HEART.

Woman does not possess to any great degree the power of mental concentration. Her powers of concentration are immense, but it is concentration with the heart, not with the brain. A man views his work with a cold, calculating eye, unbiassed by anything outside the mainly mechanical or business element. Personal or human feeling is rarely allowed to have much say at all in his affairs. But woman's head is ruled by her heart (this world would be a very cold and dismal place if it were otherwise). The personal element is always present. It creeps into her most prosaic and dry affairs. She cannot prevent it, and for myself I am glad she cannot. It would to me be an unnatural and a rather painful thing to see any woman make a really brilliant lawyer. She may pass examinations by the dozen and beat the man every time, but unless she kills every vestige of her feminine heart I doubt her real success at the Bar. To my way of thinking there is nothing so pitiful as to see a woman try to kill or stifle her feminism. A man is self-sufficient. He may live for a century and never find his complement, and still be happy to an extent. Perhaps his views are narrowed, he may be just a little disappointed with life he knows he has missed something, but upon his real intellectual self the self that works and lives the loss makes no mark. His brain is his being. His heart is his playtime. It is just the reverse with a woman. If she wishes to be happy and find any good in life there is one thing which she must have, and that is love. She must love and be loved. Whether the former or the latter is the more essential depends on the particular woman. The two combine are ideal. People laugh—and their laughter is cruelty itself—at the lonely woman who lavishes affection on a dog. It is rather a matter for pity—pity that her love has found no other outlet. It is only Nature asserting herself and the most beautiful thing in the world is surely a really natural woman.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Elysia," Nov. 11.

The Anchor Line s.s. "Elysia" is due to arrive here on the 11th instant at about 7-30 a.m., with following passengers:—

Ackland, Miss D
Bamford, Mr R G
Bamford, Mrs and child
Barnet, Mrs W G and infant
Barr, Capt J H V
Barrell, Mr G H
Becker, Miss E G
Booth, Mrs S
Boyd, Rev R
Bray, Mr D de S
Bray, Mrs, Infant and Nurse
Brough, Capt A
Mrs Cameron and infant,
Carter, Col C H P
Clarke Mr H O
Mrs Clarke
Cockburn, Rev J
Mrs Cockburn, and infant
Col man, Mrs G B
Mrs Coleman
Crisp Mrs M C I
Dangerfield, Mrs I.
Edon, Lt J L
Findlay, Mrs C S
Floyd, Mrs and child
Fox, Mr E
Fox, Miss I
Fox, Miss A
Fox, Miss G
Gill, Miss J
Hanson, Miss C S
Heycock, Mrs C H
Sherlock Hubbard, Mr G H
Johnson Major E P
Mrs Johnson
Johnston, Miss M
Leeds Capt T L
Mrs Leeds,
L'Estrange, Lt E B
Elliott Lockhart, Mrs, child infant's and nurse
Mackintosh, Mr J
Malet, Capt R J
Marsa, Dr. Miss J
Matthew, Rev J C
Mrs Matthew
McKay, Col H K
Mills Miss M I
Morgan, Mrs H R
Muirhead, Capt J A
Newton, Mr E B
Oldham, Mrs L. and Child
O'Malley, Mr T E
Orr, Mrs J P Child, infant and nurse
Page, Miss A M
Rantan Mrs H M
Paulin, Miss A M
Paris, Capt A L
Paris Mrs
Paterson, Mr G A
Price, Mr M R
Price Mrs
Price Miss A
Price, Master G
Randle, Miss C E
Rod

BY THE WAY.

A RUSSIAN ROMANCE.

Russia, the home of realism, sends us a romance. The name Lopukhin has been associated with one of two of the most thrilling episodes in Russian history, but there was never a more interesting story connected with it than that of the living Lopukhins. Readers will remember the sensation caused by a Mlle. Lopukhin: how she disappeared from her home during a visit to England with her English governess, how she was reported to have been kidnapped and imprisoned in a damp cellar, how a week later she appeared at home as though nothing had happened, etc., etc. The young lady's father, who was Chief of the Secret Police went from Russia to investigate the mystery, but never relieved our minds on any point. M. Lopukhin has just been sentenced to five years' transportation to Siberia. His daughter goes with him, and she is accompanied by the governess whom she caused such anxiety in London, Miss Russell—this is the lady's name—has decided, by the correspondents; to share the fate of the family in Siberia. And this is a sober story, not part of the plot of a sensational novel. One feels sure the Lopukhins and their governess will meet with rare adventures in Siberia. These are necessary to round off the romance.

STOLEN OR STRAYED.

Lost an Indian summer, "of prepossessing appearance" and dressed in autumnal glories! It was confidently expected writes a home correspondent to arrive in the British Islands some time between the middle of September and the middle of October. The greatest anxiety is felt as to its whereabouts, and any body giving information to the inhabitants of the said Islands will be rewarded according to the quality of his news. N. B.—No weather experts need apply—they are too doleful. Really our loss is getting beyond a joke. We apologise for indulging in the faintest suspicion of levity on so painful a subject. When our summer turned out to be no summer, we all said, "Let us wait! The Clerk of the Weather will do his best to make up for this shortcoming in the autumn. And we recalled past years in which the rigours of July and August have been forgotten under the influence of dazzlingly fair Septembers and Octobers. Day after day we have waited, and hope deferred is making our hearts sick. Where, oh where! has our Indian summer—our St. Martin's summer, or whatever you call it—gone? Has it been stolen by Hally's comet or strayed to the North Pole to throw light on the records left there by Dr. Cook? Has it coyly withdrawn from the bold glances of aeronauts, or is it sulking from Socialism? Nothing is certain except that it has departed. October is drawing away, and November looms in sight. From November we can expect nothing. Any alteration from the normal habits of December we are generally inclined to resent. Hope retires from our horizon.

KAISER APPROVES LARGE FAMILIES.

A remarkable method of encouraging the German birth-rate has been introduced by the German governments, and it is said that the Kaiser himself is the author of this original idea. Dr. Delbruck, Minister of the Interior, has issued a circular note to the local authorities in all parts of the country informing them that the Kaiser will stand as godfather to the eigth child in any German family, rich or poor. A supplementary circular note contains instructions by which the local authorities are empowered to pay to needy parents the sum of £3 on the birth of their eighth child, Germany's high birth-rate has been one of the great factors in creating her dominant position in Europe, inasmuch as every male infant is a potential soldier, The increase of the German population by approximately 1,000,000 births per annum during the last decade has compelled other European countries to expect to have to deal with a population of 100,000,000 Germans within the next half-century, this rate of increase being considerably in excess of that of the population of Western European countries. Recently however, the German birth-rate began to show signs of diminution, and it is known that the Emperor in common with Mr. Roosevelt, regards any tendancy in the direction of smaller families to be a national evil. A decree issued by the Minister of the Interior regarding the bestowal of Imperial favour on men with large families, as well as of a subvention to fathers and mothers who stand in need of it, is the outcome of this feeling.

THE BISHOP OF EAST ANGLIA.

The Bishop of Norwich, whose impending resignation is announced, has presided over the great eastern diocese, which contains more parishes than any other English diocese, for the last sixteen years. He received the appointment from Mr. Gladstone, who had come to know Mr. Sheepshanks's work in Liverpool. The right rev. prelate has been an untiring worker all his life—in British Columbia, a home-country parish, in the city teeming with population, and in East Anglia. He belongs to a Coventry family, which has still connexions with that city. His father was headmaster of the local Grammar School. Dr. Sheepshanks, a few years ago, confided to the public ear the fact that it costs £2,500 a year to keep up the Palace at Norwich, and that he advocated a smaller bishop's house and reduction of the gross income.

BADEN-POWELL BLUFFED BY COUNT ZEPPELIN.

Major Baden-Powell has just been telling how he was bluffed by Count Zeppelin. He wanted to see the Count's airship, and he had paid him two visits. On the first occasion the Count gave him every information, and allowed him to take photographs, but by the second time the German Government were in treaty with the Count. Nevertheless, he was received very pleasantly. "I have come," said Major Powell to him, "to see how you are now getting on with your balloon." "Do you play chess?" was the Count's reply. "Yes," said Major Powell, "I do." "Well," said the Count, "we had better have a game"; "and" added Major Powell, "we played chess all the afternoon, and I neither heard nor saw more of the balloon."

AFTER THE EARTHQUAKE.

On April 18, 1906, occurred the earthquake which desolated San Francisco, destroying 28,000 of the city's principal buildings and involving the community in a net loss of £60,000,000, after all insurance claims had been paid. In little more than three years San Francisco had risen anew from its ashes—the damage from the earthquake was slight compared with that caused by the subsequent fires—and the other day the city was "en fete" to celebrate its formal re-opening to the commerce of the world. After the earthquake over 100,000 persons fled in panic from San Francisco, but a census just taken shows that so rapid was the influx of population while it was being rebuilt that it now contains 60,000 more inhabitants than it did immediately prior to the disaster.

BRITISH BIRD'S FIRST PHOTOGRAPH.

Lecturing at the Royal Photographic Society's exhibition Mr. W. Bickerton, F.Z.S., showed some photographs he had recently taken of the roseate tern—one of the few British birds which had never previously been photographed. Mr. Bickerton said that only a very small number of these birds nested in the British Isles. He refused to name the particular spot at which he obtained his pictures, because if the locality were known the egg-collecting propensities of a very few people would make this beautiful sea-swallow extinct so far as the British coast was concerned. The roseate tern was so named because of the rose colour of its breast.

THE NEW ILLUSTRATOR OF "LORNA DOONE."

Mr. C. E. Brittan, who, is the latest illustrator of "Lorna Doone," is a self-taught artist of great popularity in the West of England. He knows Dartmoor, every mile of it, and has painted hundreds of pictures of Moors, crags, and tors. Mr. Brittan lives on Dartmoor, and as Dartmoor has much the same characteristics as Exmoor there is no doubt about his acquiring the true "local colour" for R. D. Blackmore's famous novel. So busy is the artist kept with commissions and with work for exhibitions in London and elsewhere that Mr. Brittan rises before dawn every day to be ready for the light.

After costs and other expenses had been educed from a legacy of £9,000 to the city of Lucerne, in consequence of the will being disputed, only £300 was left when the legacy was finally received by the Council.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The intimation that Mr. T. N. Foulis is to issue a new edition of Henry Cockburn's "Memorials of his Time" is welcome at the beginning of a season which promises more than one publication of importance relating to Scott and his circle. The book in question is, no doubt, the volume of 1856. Eighteen years later, indeed, two further volumes appeared, which, although entitled Cockburn's "Journal," were simply a continuation of his "Memorials." They describe, however, an Edinburgh that had lost something of its interest, and are, therefore, of less importance for the general reader. The fact that the new edition is to be edited by Cockburn's grandson, suggests the hope that it will contain whatever passages were dropped in the original publication as "too pungent for publication so recently after the events recorded."

THE EDINBURGH OF SIR WALTER SCOTT.

The "Memorials" are authoritative on the Modern Athens period of Edinburgh. The accuracy of certain of their details, indeed, was challenged at the time. A writer in the "Times" challenged them; the "Quarterly" did so, and two challenging articles appeared in the "Law Review." The challenges, however, were immediately taken up, and Cockburn's assertions verified, and it is only necessary to turn over the pages of any book of to-day relating to the Edinburgh of Sir Walter Scott to see how extensively he is drawn upon and how implicitly his testimony is accepted. It was the swift advance of things in his time that made some of Cockburn's pictures of an earlier age seem overcharged. Many customs prevalent during Cockburn's youth were forgotten by the time of his death. The water-carriers sat on their inverted buckets about the city wells, wrangled for precedence at the spouts or toiled up the winding stairs of the Old Town replenishing the cisterns at a penny the bucket. The city was policed by the "Toon Rottens," veterans who had been mauled in the wars and who, clad in red and with cocked hats, paraded the streets bearing Lochaber axes. Judges on the bench sat munching biscuits and swilling port, and the Scot's language was extensively used even in refined society. It is chiefly in the "Journal" that Cockburn deplores the increasing disuse of Broad Scots, and he foresaw, immediately impending, a time when Burns's fame, instead of extending, would fade away for lack of readers who could understand his speech. Cockburn knew all the eminent men of his city, and his sketches have all the value of work done at first hand. We see the persons in their habit as they lived. Here is his picture of Scott in conversation:—"Scarcely even in his novels was he more striking or delightful than in society; where the halting limb, the burr in the throat, the heavy cheeks, the high Goldsmith forehead, the unkempt locks and general plainness of appearance, with the Scotch accent and stories and sayings, all graced by gaiety, simplicity, and kindness, made a combination most worthy of being enjoyed."

POSTHUMOUS FINERY.

Every reader of Theophile Gautier's "Emaux et Camees" remembers the dainty little poem called "Coquetterie Posthume." In that poem a beautiful young lady expresses the wish that when she dies she may not be buried in ordinary cerements, but in her most fashionable dress, with her favourite lace pillow beneath her head, and just a touch of rouge on her cheeks and just a thin line of black round her eyes. Now Gautier was, unlike most Frenchmen, a sound English scholar, and it is just possible that he borrowed the idea from this country. The idea itself, at any rate, has an origin of its own and a genealogy in our literature. It was called into existence by the Act which, in order to encourage the home industry, decreed that all the dead should be buried in woollen. Such an Act naturally suggested that there were people who cared what they were buried in, and might take a pride in being well dressed even in the coffin. Thus Steele in one of his Tatlers, in which he professes to have had a communication from the unseen world, says that he is advised that "several of the defunct, contrary to the Woollen Act, presume to dress themselves in lace, embroidery, silks, muslins, and other ornaments forbidden to persons in their condition." He recurs to the idea in the "Funeral." There the odious Lady Brumpton says to her maid: "Harkee, hussy, if you should, as I hope you won't outlive me, take care I ain't buried in flannel, 'twould never become me I am sure." Now Mrs. Oldfield used to play a part in that comedy, and she, as all the world knows, is the typical posthumous coquette. She was borne to her grave in Westminster Abbey "in a very fine Brussels lace head, a holland shift, and double ruffles of the same lace, a pair of new kid gloves, and her body wrapped in a winding sheet." It is generally believed that it is to her under the name of Narcissa—from her part in "Love's Last Shift"—that Pope alludes in these well known lines:—

"Odious in woollen! 'twould a saint provoke,"
Were the last words that poor Narcissa spoke.
"No, let a charming Chintz and Brussels lace.
Wrap my cold limbs and shade my lifeless face:
One would not, sure, be frightful when one's dead—
And—Betty—give this cheek a little red."

A PARALLEL IN DICKENS.

The editor of the "Globe" edition of Pope's poems refers the reader for a parallel to Narcissa to "the last words of Cleopatra in 'Dombey and Son'" But the passage in question is not a full parallel, and the words apparently alluded to are not exactly "last words." Here is, however, the passage:—"Cleopatra was arrayed in full dress, with the diamonds, short sleeves, rouge, curls, teeth, and other juvenility all complete; but Paralysis was not to be deceived, had known her for the object of its errand, and had struck her at her glass, where she lay like a horrible doll that had tumbled down." She was not dead, however, and when she was able to scrawl she wrote first "Rose-coloured curtains," then added, in a little, two words, making "Rose-coloured curtains for doctors." Then the maid perceived that she "wished these articles to be provided for the better presentation of her complexion to the faculty." Whether or not, therefore, Gautier borrowed his idea from English literature, there was, at any rate, enough there to suggest it.

EARLY ALLUSIONS TO SHAKSPEARE.

Many scholars are still seeking to pluck out the heart of the mystery which is most strikingly illustrated by the almost complete silence of contemporary poets on the subject of the death of Shakspeare. Allusions to the poet during his life were at one time believed to be so few as to be hardly worth compiling in a book. Later research, however, has altered that view. Exactly thirty-five years ago a book called "The Centurie of Prayse," edited by Dr. C. M. Ingleby, and containing two hundred and twenty-eight Shakspearean allusions, covering the years from 1594 to 1694, was published; and five years later a second edition appeared, under the editorship of Miss L. Toulmin Smith, in which the allusions to the poet and his works had grown from two hundered and twenty-eight to three hundred and fifty-six. Then, in 1886, that indefatigable scholar and enthusiast, Dr. Furnivall, brought out his "Some three hundred Fresh Allusions to Shakspeare, from 1594 to 1694 A.D., gathered by members of the New Shakspeare Society"; and now, in the two volumes of "The Shakspeare Library: Shakspeare allusion Books" covering the period from the year 1591 to the year 1700, and edited by Mr. John Munro and just published by Messrs. Chatto and Windus, there are a hundred and thirty more. Evidently, then, the Past is beginning to give us its secrets, though slowly, and only in response to painful labour. The arrangement of the book is excellent. At the top of each allusion the author's name and the date are given; then follows the allusion itself; and then are given explanatory notes in smaller type, many of the latter revealing an industry and mastery of the subject worthy of the highest praise, and incidentally often giving little pictures of the life and manners of the time as clear as snap-shots. There are a number of useful appendices, among them being John Downes's famous account of the Shakspearean plays and their actors, quotations from catalogues of books and book-sales, a list of the passages quoted from Shakspeare in the 1600 publication, "England's Parnassus, or the Choycest Flowers of our Moderne Poets," and a complete list of the entries of Shakspeare's works in the Stationers' Registers from 1593 to 1639. The entire compilation, together with the editor's introduction, makes an invaluable addition to a Shakspearean library.

Mme. Steinheil is reported to have quite recovered from the fatigue and lassitude she suffered from some time ago. The dossier of the case contains 4,397 documents in forty volumes of 350 pages each.

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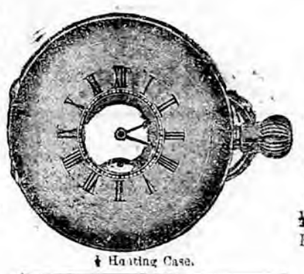

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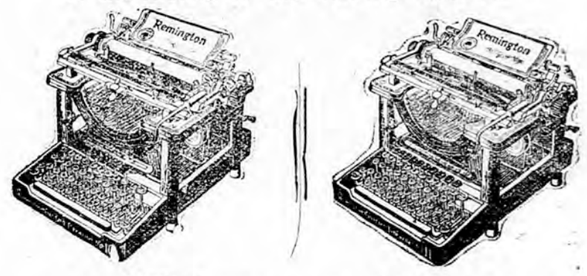

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